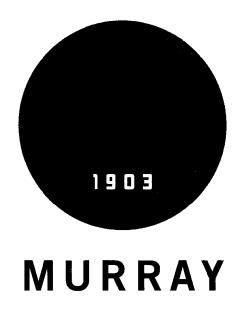
COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

of

MURRAY CITY CORPORATION, UTAH

for the

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006



DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE & ADMINISTRATION

DON WHETZEL

DIRECTOR OF FINANCE & ADMINISTRATION

MURRAY CITY CORPORATION, UTAH Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

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Daniel C. Snarr, Mayor

Don Whetzel, Director

801-264-2606 FAX 801-264-2517

November 17, 2006

Citizens of Murray City
The Honorable Mayor and
Members of the Municipal Council
Murray City Corporation
Murray, Utah 84107

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of Murray City Corporation (Murray City) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2006, is submitted herewith. Utah state law requires that 'the Finance Director in cities of the first and second class shall present to the governing body an annual financial report prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principals (GAAP), and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed, certified public accountants. This report, which fulfills these requirements, was prepared by the Murray City Finance Division.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of Murray City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the Murray City government has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the Murray City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, Murray City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Murray City's financial statements have been audited by Hansen, Bradshaw, Malmrose and Erickson, P.C., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of Murray City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the Murray City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The report of the independent auditor is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD & A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD & A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Murray City's MD & A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

Murray City, incorporated in 1902, is located in the central portion of Salt Lake County, approximately 8 miles south of Salt Lake City. Murray City currently occupies a land area of about 11 square miles and serves a population of about 45,000. Murray City is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. It is also empowered by state statute to impose a 1% local option sales tax on all retail sales.

Murray City has operated under the strong mayor-council form of government since 1982. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in the City Council which is made up of five members elected by district. The City Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, approving appointments to committees and approving the department heads appointed by the Mayor. The Mayor, who is full time, is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government and for appointing the heads of the various departments. The City Council is elected on a non-partisan basis with members serving on a staggered four year term basis. The Mayor is elected at-large for a four year term.

The City provides a full range of services. These services include police and fire protection; sanitation services, the construction and maintenance of highways, streets, and infrastructure; recreational activities and cultural events. In addition to general government activities, the governing body controls the Water Fund, the Waste Water Fund, the Power Fund, the Solid Waste Management Fund, the Telecommunications Fund, and the Murray Parkway Recreation Fund; therefore, these activities are included in the reporting entity. However, the Murray City School District has not met the established criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity, and, accordingly, is excluded from this report.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for Murray City's financial planning and control. All funds of the City are required to submit requests for appropriations to the Mayor on or before the third Monday in February each year. The Mayor uses these requests as the starting point for developing a tentative budget. The Mayor then presents this tentative budget to the City Council for review by the second Tuesday of April. The City Council is required to hold a public hearing on the tentative budget and to adopt a final budget no later than June 20th. The appropriations budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g. public safety), and department (e.g. police). With the consent of the budget officer, department heads may make transfer of appropriations within a department. Transfer of appropriations between departments requires the approval of the City Council. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. The level of budgeting control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the departmental level within an individual fund.

Factors Affecting Financial Conditions

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which Murray City operates.

Local Economy. Murray City currently enjoys a good economic environment and local indicators point to a slightly improving environment in the coming year. Murray City is a major retail center in Salt Lake County with a regional mall, nine major automobile dealerships and several big box retailers. The City expects fair economic growth over the next three to four years with the construction of additional retail and office space and the construction of a \$360,000,000 regional medical center by Intermountain Health Care.

Long-term financial planning. Murray City has several capital construction projects in its five year plan; including \$9,550,000 to acquire, upgrade and construct various distribution, transmission and substation facilities of the Murray City electrical system. The City issue \$9,300,000 in Electric Revenue Bonds in 2004 to finance most of the costs of this project. The City will continue to use General Fund monies to construct, repair and maintain city roads in accordance with the pavement management plan.

Cash Management policies and practices. Murray City has entered into agreements with two major Utah banks where the balances in checking accounts are transferred to an Automatic Repurchase Agreement at the end of each banking day. These agreements allow the City to earn interest on all idle cash. All other cash temporarily idle during the year was invested in the United States Treasury and Federal Agency Money Market accounts and the Utah Treasurer's Investment Fund. All investments are considered short term and can be redeemed in three business days. The average yield on investments was 4.18 percent for FY 06. Because all the City's investments are very short term there is minimal difference between the fair market value of its investment and its carrying value.

Risk Management. Murray City has employed a full time Health and Safety Manager for a number of years and uses various risk control techniques to minimize accident-related losses. Murray City is fully insured for workmen's compensation, health, commercial property and automobile liability coverage. Murray City maintains a \$250,000 deductible on its general liability policy and is fully self-insured for vehicle physical damage and unemployment compensation coverage.

Pension and other post-employment benefits. Murray City is a mandatory participant in the state-wide Utah Retirement System (URS), a defined benefit pension plan. Each year the URS engages an independent actuary to determine the contributory rate which must be made to the pension plan to ensure that the plan will be able to fully meet its obligations to retired employees on a timely basis. Murray City is legally required to make this actual determined contribution to pension plans in which the City participates. As a result of URS conservative funding policy, the Contributory System is 91.1% funded, the Non-contributory Retirement System is 92.3% funded, the Public Safety Retirement System is 88.3% funded and the Firefighters Retirement System is 105.5% funded. We expect all Retirement Systems which are currently not fully funded to achieve full funding within the next ten years.

Murray City does not provide any material post-retirement health and dental care benefits for its retirees and their dependents.

Awards and Acknowledgments

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the government for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. This was the twenty-fifth consecutive year that the government has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government published an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

The Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated

services of the entire staff of the Finance Division. I would like to express my appreciation to all members of my staff who assisted in and contributed to its preparation. Credit must also be given to the Mayor and the City Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of Murray City's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Donald E. Whetzel

Director of Finance and Administration

Chief Financial Officer

MURRAY CITY CORPORATION

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Daniel C. Snarr Mayor

Krista Dunn Council Chairman

James A. Brass Council Member

Jeffery L. Dredge Council Member Pat Griffith
Council Member

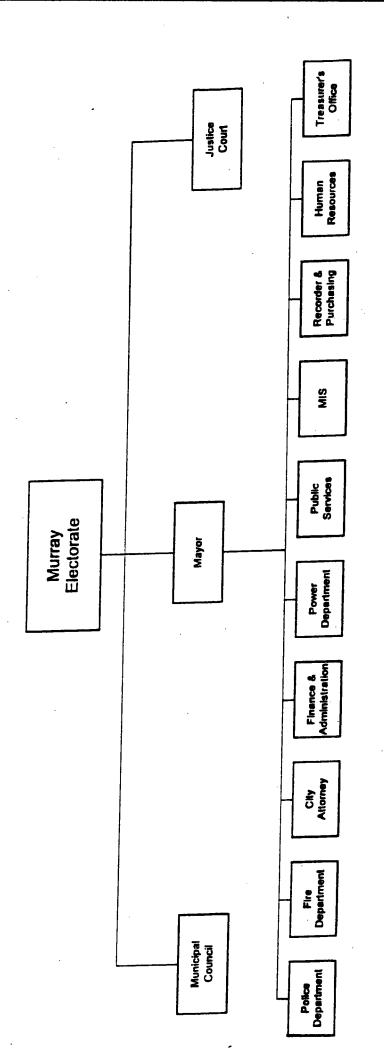
Robbie Robertson Council Member

DEPARTMENT AND DIVISION HEADS

Daniel Barr
Douglas P. Hill
Gilbert Rodriguez
Phil Markham
P. Gary Ferrero
Ronald L. Koller
G. Keith Snarr
Peter A. Fondaco
David Larsen
Gary O. Merrill
Carol D. Heales
Don Whetzel
Dale L. Whittle

Library Director
Public Services Director
Fire Chief
Public Works Operations Manager
Justice Court Judge
City Treasurer
Economic Development Director
Police Chief
MIS Director
Power General Manager
City Recorder / Purchasing Agent
Director of Finance and Administration/CFO
Human Resources Director

Murray City Organization Chart



Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Murray City Corporation, Utah

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2005

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

WEE OF THE STATES AND THE STATES AND

Caren E perge

President

Executive Director

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FINANCIAL SECTION

Hansen, Bradshaw, Malmrose & Erickson

A Professional Corporation
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

559 West 500 South Bountiful, Utah 84010 801-296-0200 Fax 801-296-1218

E. Lynn Hansen, CPA Clarke R. Bradshaw, CPA Gary E. Malmrose, CPA idwin L. Erickson, CPA Aichael L. Smith, CPA

Jason L. Tanner, CPA Robert D. Wood, CPA

Members of the American Institute f Certified Public accountants

Members of the Private Company Practice Section

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Murray City Corporation, Utah

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Murray City Corporation, Utah (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Murray City Corporation, Utah, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 8, 2006, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 11-18 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison information, and statistical tables are presented for purposes of additional analysis are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary comparison information have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Hansen, Bradshaw, Malmrose & Erickson, P.C.

November 8, 2006

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of Murray City Corporation, we offer readers of the Murray City financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Murray City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of Murray City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$134,328,355 (net assets). Of this amount, \$37,553,324 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- Murray City's total net assets increased by \$26,849,971. Approximately 90% of this increase is due to inclusion of infrastructure as assets within the governmental funds..
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Murray City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$12,585,273, an increase of \$1,012,153 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 74 percent of this total amount, \$9,352,508, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unreserved fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the general fund was \$7,781,070 or 25 percent of total general fund expenditures.
- Murray City's total bonded debt decreased by \$2,670,000 (5 percent) during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Murray City's basic financial statements. Murray City's basic financial statements comprise three components:

1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Murray City's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of Murray City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Murray City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Murray City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of Murray City include general government, public safety, highways and public improvements, parks and recreation, library and community and economic development. The business-type activities of Murray City include a Water Fund, Wastewater Fund, Power Fund, Murray Parkway Recreation Fund, Solid Waste Management Fund and Telecommunications Fund.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Murray City, like any other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Murray City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison betweengovernmental funds and governmental activities.

Murray City maintains eight individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund which is considered to be a major fund. Data from the other seven governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Murray City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary funds. Murray City maintains two different types of proprietary funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Murray City uses enterprise funds to account for its Water Fund, Waste Water Fund, Power Fund, Murray Parkway Recreation Fund, Solid Waste Management Fund and Telecommunications Fund Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among Murray City's various functions. Murray City uses internal service funds to account for maintenance of its vehicles and for its self insurance programs. Because both of these services predominantly benefit government rather that business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water Fund, the Waste Water Fund, and for the Power Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds of Murray City.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the date provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Murray City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$134,328,355 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of Murray City's net assets (70 percent), reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. Murray City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although Murray City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	MURRAY CITY'S Net Assets (In thousands)								
	Governm Activit		Business-t Activit	• •	Tota	Total			
•	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005			
Current and other assets	\$ 28,453	\$ 25,021	\$ 26,920	\$ 28,616	\$ 55,373	\$ 53,637			
Capital assets	67,084	45,618	72,422	70,192	139, 506	115,810			
Total assets	95,537	70,639	99,342	98,808	194,879	169,447			
Long-term liabilities outstanding	14,803	16,053	32,511	33,988	47,314	50,041			
Other liabilities	5,917	5,068	7,319	6,860	13,237	11,928			
Total liabilities	20,720	21,121	39,830	40,848	60,551	61,969			
Net assets:									
Invested in capital assets,									
net of related debt	52,275	29,542	42,286	39,194	94,561	68,736			
Restricted	1,900	1,899	314	314	2,214	2,213			
Unrestricted	20,642	18,077	16,911	18,453	37,553	36,530			
Total net assets	\$ 74,817	\$ 49,518	\$ 59,511	\$ 57,961	\$ 134,328	\$ 107,479			

An additional portion of Murray City's net assets (1.6 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net assets* (\$37,553,324) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, Murray City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

There was an increase of \$26,849,971 in net assets of Murray City during the current fiscal year. The primary reason for increase in net assets was the inclusion of infrastructure assets within the governmental funds.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased Murray City's net assets by \$25,298,947 thereby accounting for 94% of the total growth in the net assets of Murray City. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

MURRAY CITY'S Changes in Net Assets (In thousands)

	٠		mental ities	Busine Activ	ss-type rities	T	otal
		2006	 2005	 2006	2005	2006	2005
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	5,949	\$ 7,711	\$ 40,827	\$ 40,364	\$ 46,776 \$	48,075
Operating grants and						•	
contributions		457	370			457	370
Capital grants and					•		
contributions		1,491	 1,366			1,491	1,366
General revenues:							
Property taxes		8,517	 6,801			8,517	6,801
Franchise taxes		3,172	2,933			3,172	2,933
General sales taxes and							
energy sales taxes		15,115	13,677			15,115	13,677
				 · 		·····	
Interest income		727	464	 785	369	1,512	833
Gain on disposal of assets		115	127	2,558	51	2,673	178
Miscellaneous	·	202	203			202	20 3
Total revenues		35,745	 33,652	 44,170	40,784	79,915	74,436
Expenses:							
General government		4,557	4,054	 		4,557	4,054
Public safety		14,387	13,877			14,387	13,877
Highways & public improvements		7,430	 3,724			7,430	3,724
Parks & recreation		6,557	6,083			6,557	6,083
Library		1,468	1,380			1,468	1,380
Community & economic dev.		607	684			607	684
Interest on long term debt		709	774			709	774
Power				 32,394	30,428	32,394	30,428
Water		-	•	3,663	4,047	3,663	4,047
Waste water				3,404	3,033	3,404	3,033
Non-major proprietary funds	•			2,139	2,152	2,139	2,152
Total expenses		35,715	30,577	 41,600	39,660	77,315	70,237
Increase in net assets			 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
before transfers		30	3075	2,570	1,124	2,600	4,199
Transfers		1,019	 209	 -1,019	-209	0	0
Increase in net assets		1,049	 3,284	1,551	915	2,600	4,199
Net assets at Beg. of year, as restated		73,768	46,234	57,961	57,046	131,728	103,280
Net assets at end of year	\$	74,817	\$ 49,518	\$ 59,512\$	57,961	\$ 134,328\$	107,479

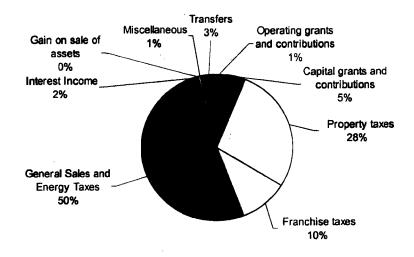
- Property taxes increased by \$2,338,401 (38 percent) during the fiscal year as it was necessary to raise the property taxes for the General Fund to offset an expected reduction in sales taxes caused by a change in the sales tax distribution calculation enacted by the Utah State Legislature.
- General sales tax and energy sales taxes increased by \$1,438,650 (10 percent) due to a stronger local economy and a increase in the price of natural gas.
- Highways and public improvements increased by \$3,706,254 (99 percent) due to the inclusion of depreciation as an expense for the City's infrastructure assets.
- For the most part, increases in expenses closely paralleled inflation and growth in the demand for services.

Expense and Program Revenue - Governmental Activities

Expense and Program Revenue - Governmental Activities (In thousands)

•	,	Program	Net Governmental
	Expense	Revenue	Activities
General	\$ 4,557	\$ 3,278	\$ -1,279
Public safety	14,387	695	-13,692
Highways and public improvement	7,430	1,419	-6,011
Parks, recreation and public property	6,557	1,582	-4,975
Library	1,468	49	-1,419
Community and Economic Development	607	874	267
Interest on long-term debt	709	0	-709
Total	\$ 35,715	\$ 7,897	-\$ 27,818

Revenue by Source - Governmental Activities



Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased Murray City's net assets by \$1,551,024. Key elements of this increase are as fellows:

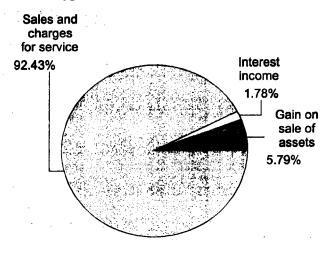
• Most of the business-type activities saw a moderate increase in operating expenses while charges for services for business-type activities increased slightly.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type activities

Expenses and Program Revenue - Business-type Activities (In thousands)

·	Expense	Program Revenue	Net Business-type Activities
Power	\$ 32,394	\$ 29,904	\$ -2,490
Water	3,663	5,106	1,443
Wastewater	3,403	3,257	-146
Non-major funds	2,140	2,560	420
Total	\$ 41,600	\$ 40,827	\$ -773

Revenue by Source - Business-type activities



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, Murray City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of Murray City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Murray City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, Murray City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$12,585,273, an increase of \$1,012,153 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 74 percent of this total amount or \$9,352,508 constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to pay for debt service, to generate income to pay for the perpetual care of the municipal cemetery and for a variety of other restricted purposes.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of Murray City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$7,781,070, while total fund balance was \$9,061,070. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 24.7 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 28.8 percent of that same amount. The fund balance of Murray City's general fund increased by \$1,082,649 during the current fiscal year.

Proprietary funds. Murray City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the Water Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$3,127,630, in Waste Water Fund, unrestricted net assets amounted to \$1,422,563 and for the Power Fund, unrestricted net assets amounted to \$11,944,788.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget were relatively minor (\$720,000 increase in appropriations) with the Personnel receiving a \$10,000 increase, Building Inspection \$35,000, Class C Road Program \$515,000 and Road Construction \$160,000 in increases. These increased allocations were funded by an increase in sales tax revenue of \$215,000 and an appropriation of \$515,000 from the Class C Road Reserved Fund Balance.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. Murray City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2006 amounts to \$139,506,172 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges. The total change in Murray City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 20.5 percent (a 47.0 percent increase for governmental activities and a 3.2 percent increase for business-type activities). Information on the City's capital assets is presented in Note 4 to the statements.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included upgrade of the electrical transmission system from 47Kv to 138Kv for \$4,253,787, various road projects for \$2,517,415 and recording prior years infrastructure with a book value of \$24,249,708.

MURRAY CITY'S Capital Assets (In thousands) (Net of depreciation)

	ties	Activ			
	Activities		ities		
2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
\$ 9,944	\$ 9,944	\$ 3,850	\$ 3,850	\$ 13,794	\$ 13,794
24,051	24,051	5,885	5,507	29,936	29,558
15,121	15,121	109,158	104,247	124,279	119,368
13,152	11,962	12,993	13,530	26,145	25,492
71,866	2,343	0	0	71,866	2,343
13	3,749	8,175	6,853	8,188	10,602
134,147	67,169	140,061	133,987	274,208	201,157
-67,063	-21,551	-67,639	-63,795	-134,702	-85,346
	\$ 9,944 24,051 15,121 13,152 71,866 13 134,147	\$ 9,944 \$ 9,944 24,051 24,051 15,121 15,121 13,152 11,962 71,866 2,343 13 3,749 134,147 67,169	\$ 9,944 \$ 9,944 \$ 3,850 24,051 24,051 5,885 15,121 15,121 109,158 13,152 11,962 12,993 71,866 2,343 0 13 3,749 8,175 134,147 67,169 140,061	\$ 9,944 \$ 9,944 \$ 3,850 \$ 3,850 24,051 24,051 5,885 5,507 15,121 15,121 109,158 104,247 13,152 11,962 12,993 13,530 71,866 2,343 0 0 13 3,749 8,175 6,853 134,147 67,169 140,061 133,987	\$ 9,944 \$ 9,944 \$ 3,850 \$ 3,850 \$ 13,794 24,051 24,051 5,885 5,507 29,936 15,121 15,121 109,158 104,247 124,279 13,152 11,962 12,993 13,530 26,145 71,866 2,343 0 0 71,866 13 3,749 8,175 6,853 8,188 134,147 67,169 140,061 133,987 274,208

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, Murray City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$48,960,000. All of Murray City's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e. revenue bonds).

MURRAY CITY'S Outstanding Debt (In thousands)

	Governme Activiti		Business-ty Activitie	•	Total			
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005		
Revenue bonds	\$15,510	\$16,810	\$33,450	\$34,820	\$48,960	\$51,630		

Murray City's total bonded debt decreased by \$2,670,000 (5.2 percent) during the current fiscal year.

Murray City's Electric Revenue Bonds Series 2001 and Series 2004, Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Excise Tax Revenue Bonds, Municipal Building Authority Lease Revenue Bonds Series 1997 and Series 2001 are rated Aaa by Moody's and are insured. The City's Sales Tax Revenue Bond Series 2002 are not rated. In May 2002, Murray City issued \$1,865,000 in Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Series 2002 to finance capital improvements to various parks within the City. As allowed by state law the Redevelopment Agency of Murray City will make all principal and interest payments on these bonds over the next 10 years.

In November of 2004, Murray City issued \$9,300,000 in Electric Revenue Bonds Series 2004 to finance the upgrade of the electric transmission system from 46 kilovolts to 138 kilovolts. This upgrade has commenced and will be completed in the fall of 2007.

State statutes limit the amount of debt a governmental entity may issue to 8 percent of its reasonable fair cash value of property. The current debt limitation for Murray City is \$309,040,000, which is significantly in excess of Murray City's outstanding debt.

Additional information on Murray City's long-term debt can be found in note 4.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

- The unemployment rate for Murray City is currently 3.1 percent, which is a decrease from a rate of 4.6 percent a year ago. This compares to the state's average unemployment rate of 3.1 percent and the national average of 4.6 percent.
- The occupancy rate of the government's retail stores and business offices has remained in the high 90 percent for the past three years.
- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.

All of these factors were considered in preparing Murray City's budget for the 2007 fiscal year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Murray City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, 5025 South State Street, Murray City, Utah, 84107.

MURRAY CITY CORPORATION, UTAH STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2006

	 overnmental Activities	B	usiness-type Actitities		TOTAL
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,143,527	\$	8,739,007	\$	21,882,534
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	6,999,222		4,237,974		11,237,196
Inventories	43,686		1,542,045		1,585,731
Internal balances	115,952		(115,952)		-
Due from other governments	2,862,744		111,150		2,973,894
Notes receivable	2,230,331		-		2,230,331
Restricted cash	32 ,991		6,015,847		6,04 8,83 8
Restricted investments	1,379,774		-		1,379,774
Land held for resale	20,000		-		20,000
Land	9,944,263		3,849,761		13,794 ,02 4
Buildings	24,050,713		5,885,076		29,935,789
Improvements other than building	15,121,305		109,157,986		124,279,291
Machinery and equipment	10,895,500		8,862,065		19,75 7,56 5
Furniture and fixtures	2,256,840		4,130,824		6,387 ,66 4
Infrastructure	71,865,644		-		71,865 ,64 4
Construction in progress	13,031		8,175,253		8,18 8,28 4
Accumulated depreciation	(67,063,240)		(67,638,849)		(134,702,089)
Investments in joint ventures	1,422,182		3,652,056		5,07 4,23 8
Unamortized bond issue costs	202,755		387,193		5 89,9 48
Prepaid generation and					
transmission fees	-		2,350,513		2,350,513
Total assets	 95,537,220		99,341,949		194,879,169
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	2,003,652		4,186,145		6,189,797
Accrued interest payable	96,518		187 ,51 7		284,035
Accrued liabilites	1,423,369		464 ,885		1,888,254
Deposits	12,699		648,398		661,097
Unearned revenue	123,957		-		123,957
Non current liabilities					
Due within one year	2,257,212		1,832,831		4,090,043
Due in more than one year	14, 80 3,067		32,510,564		47,313,631
Total liabilities	20,720,474		39,830,340	_	60,550,814
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital					
assets, net of debt	52,274,868		42,286,323		94,561,191
Restricted for debt service	1,379,774		314,066		1,693,840
Restricted for perpetual care - nonexpendable	520,000		-		52 0,00 0
Unrestricted	20,642,104		16,911,220		37 ,55 3,32 4
Total net assets	\$ 74,816,746	\$	59,511,609	\$	134,328,355

MURRAY CITY CORPORATION, UTAH STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

			Program Revenues				
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Tota
Governmental activities		·				-	
General government	\$ 4 557 351	\$ 3 979 173	\$ A 675		(1 970 503)		(4 970 509)
Dublic cofets	000,000,00		•			•	•
Tublic Salety	14,387,079	338,222	**		(13,692,240)	-	(13,692,240)
Highways and public improvements	7,430,318			\$ 1,415,023	(6,011,545)		(6,011,545)
Parks, recreation and public property	6,556,539	1,504,895	77,442	0	(4,974,202)		(4,974,202)
Library	1,468,358	35,881	13,234		(1,419,243)		(1,419,243)
Community and economic development	606,982	797,714		76,212	266,944		266,944
interest on long-term debt	708,588				(708,588)		(708,588)
Total governmental activities	35,715,215	5,948,885	456,718	1,491,235	(27,818,377)		(27,818,377)
Business-type activities				•			· · ·
Power	32 394 213	29 904 184		•		(000 000)	(000 000 6)
Water	02,094,010	40,404,104 104,104,104,104		•			(2,480,028)
Wale	3,552,740	5,105,5/4		•		1,442,834	1,442,834
Wastewater	3,403,524	3,256,781				(146,743)	(146,743)
Goff course	1,397,843	1,474,959				77,116	77,116
Telecommunications	•	278,100				278,100	278,100
Solid waste	741,945	807,430				65,485	65,485
#							
l otal business-type activities	41,600,265	40,827,028	į	1		(773,237)	(773,237)
	General Revenues	Ser					
	Taxes						
	Property taxes	es			8,516,510		8,516,510
	Franchise taxes	xex			3,172,563		3,172,563
	General sale	es taxes and en	General sales taxes and energy sales taxes		15,115,383		15,115,383
	Interest income	ē			726,690	784,971	1,511,661
	Gain on sale	Gain on sale and disposal of assets	assets		115,434	2,558,097	2,673,531
	Miscellaneous	•			202,229		202,229
	Transfers				1,018,807	(1,018,807)	
	•	Fotal general re	Total general revenue and transfers		28,867,616	2,324,261	31,191,877
			Change in net assets	\$	1,049,239	1,551,024	2,600,263
	_	Net assets - beg	Net assets - beginning, as restated		73, 767 ,507		131,728,092
	_	Net assets - ending	ling		\$ 74,816,746	\$ 59,511,609	\$ 134,328,355

ASSETS		General	Ge	Other overnmental Funds	G 	Total overnmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,198,556	\$	2,125,497	\$	11,324,053
Investments	•	1,000,000	•	-,	•	1,000,000
Receivables		.,000,000				.,000,000
Property taxes		5,278,000		1,282,000		6,560,000
Special assessments		1,753		-		1,753
Other		437,351		-		437,351
Notes receivable		2,230,331		-		2,230,331
Due from other funds		4 65,80 3		-		465,803
Due from other governments		2,663,144		199, 60 0		2,862,744
Land held for sale		-		20,000		20,000
Restricted cash		-		32, 991		32,9 91
Restricted investments				1,379,774		1,379,7 74
Total assets	_\$_	21,274,938	\$	5,039,862	\$	26,314,800
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE						
Liabilities			_		_	
Accounts payable	\$	1,982,751	\$	8,392	\$	1,991,143
Accrued liabilities		1,168,659		43,267		1,211,926
Due to other funds		17,851		182,000		199,851
Deposits Deferred revenue		12,69 9 9,031,90 8		1,282,000		12,699 10,313,908
					-	
Total liabilities	-	12,213,868		1,515,659		13,729,527
Fund Balances		·				
Reserved for debt service		-		1,379,774		1,379,774
Reserved for class C roads		50,0 00		-		50,000
Reserved for land held for resale		4 000 000		20,000		20,000
Reserved for UTOPIA		1,23 0,00 0		- 520.000		1,230,000 520,000
Reserved for cemetery perpetual care Reserved for working capital		-		520,000 32, 99 1		32,991
Unreserved, reported in		-		32,991		52,551
General fund		7,781,070				7,781,070
Special revenue funds		7,701,070		956,942		956,942
Capital projects funds		_		7.650		7.650
Permanent fund		-		606,846		606,846
Total fund balances		9,061,070		3,524,203		12,585,273
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$		\$	5,039,862		, .
Total liabilities and fund balances Amounts reported for governmental activities in assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities in governmental activities.			\$	5,039,862		
resources and, therefore, are not reported	ed in the fu	nds.				68,506,238
Other long-term assets are not available to expenditures and, therefore, are deferred Internal service funds are used by manage	d in the fur ement to cl	nds. narge the costs	of			10,392,706
fleet management and risk management						
fleet management and risk management assets and liabilities of the internal service in governmental activities in the statement						474 820
	ent of net as ble, are no	sset <mark>s.</mark> t du e a nd paya	ble			474,829 (17,142,300)

Revenues	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds			
Taxes and special assessments	. 6 00.005.006	£ 0.054.000	6 05 047 040			
Licenses and permits	\$ 22,895,306	\$ 2,35 1,93 6	\$ 25,247,242			
Intergovernmental	1,448,991	- 00.440	1,448,991			
Charges for services	1,858,507	89,446	1,947,953			
Fines and forfeitures	1,915,910	69,316	1,985,226			
Rents and concessions	2, 263,7 87	35 ,88 1	2,299,668			
Miscellaneous	-	1,31 4,00 0	1,314,000			
	197,411	4,818	202,229			
Interest	634,973	91, 71 7	726,690			
Total revenues	31,214,885	3,957,114	35,171,999			
Expenditures						
Current						
General government	5,104,793	-	5,104,793			
Public safety	14,623,999	-	14,623,999			
Highways and public improvements	5,733,760	-	5,733,760			
Parks, recreation and public property	5,620,8 72	<u>-</u>	5,620,872			
Library.	-	1,539 ,83 3	1,539,833			
Community and economic development	-	237, 5 06	237,506			
Redevelopment	-	369,476	369, 476			
Capital outlay	-	230, 60 7	230,607			
Debt service						
Principal	3 55,0 00	945 ,00 0	1, 300,0 00			
Interest and admin. charges	53,069	660,188	713,257			
Total expenditures	31,491,493	3,982,610	35,474,103			
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(276,608)	(25,496)	(302,104)			
Other financing sources (uses)	•					
Capital lease financing	180,016		180,016			
Transfers in	1,575,807	-	1,575,807			
Transfers out	(512,000)	(45,000)	(557,0 00)			
Sale of capital assets	115,434	(43,000)	115,434			
•	110,404		115,434			
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,359,257	(45,000)	1,314,257			
Net change in fund balances	1,082,649	(70,496)	1,012,153			
Fund balances, beginning of year	7,978,421	3,594,699	11,573,120			
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 9,061,070	\$ 3,524,203	\$ 12,585,273			

MURRAY CITY CORPORATION

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (page 20) are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total g	overnmental funds (page 22)	\$1,012,153
	o · ottilitettat tolles (page 22)	Ψ1,012,122

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.

However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.

(2,790,334)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

1,557,214

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transactions, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

1,265,462

Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

89,199)

Internal services funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet management and risk management to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.

93,943

Change in net assets of governmental activities (page 20)

\$1,049,239

Revenues	riance with nal Budget				
Revenues Taxes General property taxes \$ 4,650,000 \$ 4,650,000 \$ 4,607,360 General sales and use taxes 13,801,000 \$ 14,006,000 15,115,383 Franchise taxes 3,113,000 3,113,000 3,172,563 Total taxes 21,564,000 21,769,000 22,895,306	Positive				
Taxes General property taxes General sales and use taxes 13,801,000 \$14,006,000 \$15,115,383 Franchise taxes 21,564,000 21,769,000 22,895,306 Licenses and permits Business licenses 650,000 650,000 631,576 Alcoholic beverage licenses 15,000 15,000 17,00 Other licenses 8,000 8,000 18,001 Permits 841,000 841,000 797,714 Total licenses and permits 1,514,000 1,514,000 1,448,991 Intergovernmental Class C road allotment Class C road allotment 25,000 25,000 57,743 State liquor allotment 25,000 25,000 3,750 Local law enforcement grant 26,000 28,000 3,750 Local law enforcement grant 296,000 366,000 230,788 Victim advocate & violence against women grants Salt Lake County grant 10,000 10,000 15,675 ZAP tax grant 25,000 25,000 77,442 Total intergovernmental 1,836,000 2,421,000 1,988,462 Special police services Parks and recreation 1,088,000 1,088,000 139,563 Cemetery lots and services 147,000 147,000 1,915,910 Micellaneous Fines and forfeitures 1,2426,000 2,426,000 2,263,787 Interest 121,000 121,000 1,210,000 1,915,910 Micellaneous Fines and forfeitures 121,000 121,000 122,000 2,263,787 Interest	Negative)	Actual	Final	Original	
General property taxes \$ 4,650,000 \$ 4,650,000 \$ 4,607,360 General sales and use taxes 13,801,000 \$ 14,006,000 15,115,383 Franchise taxes 21,564,000 21,769,000 22,895,306 Licenses and permits Business licenses 650,000 650,000 631,576 Alcoholic beverage licenses 15,000 15,000 1,700 Other licenses 8,000 8,000 18,001 Permits 841,000 841,000 797,714 Total licenses and permits 1,514,000 1,514,000 1,448,991 Intergovernmental Class C road allotment 25,000 25,000 57,743 State injury allotment 25,000 25,000 57,743 State emergency medical services program 10,000 10,000 18,757 F.E.M.A. grant 26,000 26,000 30,000 Local law enforcement grant 296,000 36,000 30,750 Local law enforcement grant 296,000 366,000 230,788 Victim advocate & violence ag					
General sales and use taxes					,
Franchise taxes 3,113,000 3,113,000 3,172,563 Total taxes 21,564,000 21,769,000 22,895,306 Licenses and permits 8usiness licenses 650,000 650,000 631,576 Alcoholic beverage licenses 15,000 15,000 1,700 Other licenses 8,000 8,000 18,001 Permits 841,000 841,000 797,714 Total licenses and permits 1,514,000 1,514,000 1,448,991 Intergovernmental Class C road allotment 1,400,000 1,915,000 1,415,023 State liquor allotment 25,000 25,000 57,743 State emergency medical services program 10,000 10,000 18,757 F.E.M.A. grant 26,000 366,000 230,788 Victim advocate & violence against women grants 44,000 44,000 49,329 Salt Lake County grant 10,000 10,000 5,675 ZAP tax grant 25,000 25,000 77,442 Total intergovernmental 1,836,000 1,088,000 1,858,50	(42 ,640			,,	
Total taxes 21,564,000 21,769,000 22,895,306	1, 109 ,383				
Licenses and permits Business licenses 650,000 650,000 631,576 Alcoholic beverage licenses 15,000 15,000 1,700 Other licenses 8,000 8,000 18,001 Permits 841,000 841,000 797,714 Total licenses and permits 1,514,000 1,514,000 1,415,023 State liquor allotment 25,000 25,000 57,743 State emergency medical services program 10,000 1,000 18,757 F.E.M.A. grant 26,000 26,000 3,750 Local law enforcement grant 296,000 366,000 230,788 Victim advocate & violence against women grants 44,000 44,000 49,329 Salt Lake County grant 25,000 25,000 77,442 Total intergovernmental 1,836,000 2,421,000 1,858,507 Charges for services Parks and recreation 1,068,000 1,068,000 1,098,462 Special police services and paramedic 279,000 279,000 333,222 Heritage center 138,000 138,000 139,563 Cemetery lots and services 147,000 147,000 197,554 Other services 88,000 88,000 142,109 Total charges for services 1,720,000 1,720,000 1,915,910 Micellaneous Fines and forfeitures 2,426,000 2,426,000 2,263,787 Interest 121,000 121,000 634,973 Parks and recreation 1,2000 2,426,000 2,263,787 Interest 121,000 121,000 634,973	59,563	3,172,563	3,113,000	3,113,000	Franchise taxes
Business licenses 650,000 650,000 631,576 Alcoholic beverage licenses 15,000 15,000 1,700 Other licenses 8,000 8,000 18,001 Permits 841,000 841,000 797,714 Intergovernmental Class C road allotment 1,400,000 1,915,000 1,415,023 State liquor allotment 25,000 25,000 57,743 State emergency medical services program 10,000 10,000 18,757 F.E.M.A. grant 26,000 26,000 3,750 Local law enforcement grant 296,000 366,000 30,788 Victim advocate & violence against women grants 44,000 44,000 49,329 Salt Lake County grant 10,000 10,000 5,675 ZAP tax grant 25,000 25,000 77,442 Total intergovernmental 1,886,000 2,421,000 1,858,507 Charges for services Parks and recreation 1,068,000 1,068,000 1,098,462 Special police services and paramedic	1, 126 ,306	22,895,306	21,769,000	21,564,000	Total taxes
Business licenses 650,000 650,000 631,576 Alcoholic beverage licenses 15,000 15,000 1,700 Other licenses 8,000 8,000 18,001 Permits 841,000 841,000 797,714 Intergovernmental Class C road allotment 1,400,000 1,915,000 1,415,023 State liquor allotment 25,000 25,000 57,743 State emergency medical services program 10,000 10,000 18,757 F.E.M.A. grant 26,000 26,000 3,750 Local law enforcement grant 296,000 366,000 30,788 Victim advocate & violence against women grants 44,000 44,000 49,329 Salt Lake County grant 10,000 10,000 5,675 ZAP tax grant 25,000 25,000 77,442 Total intergovernmental 1,886,000 2,421,000 1,858,507 Charges for services Parks and recreation 1,068,000 1,068,000 1,098,462 Special police services and paramedic					Licenses and permits
Alcoholic beverage licenses 15,000 15,000 1,700 Other licenses 8,000 8,000 18,001 Permits 841,000 841,000 797,714 Total licenses and permits 1,514,000 1,514,000 1,448,991 Intergovernmental Class C road allotment 25,000 25,000 57,743 State liquor allotment 25,000 25,000 3,750 Local law enforcement grant 26,000 26,000 3,750 Local law enforcement grant 296,000 366,000 230,788 Victim advocate & violence against women grants 44,000 44,000 49,329 Salt Lake County grant 25,000 77,442 Total intergovernmental 1,836,000 2,421,000 1,858,507 Charges for services Parks and recreation 1,068,000 1,068,000 138,000 139,563 Cemetery lots and services 147,000 147,000 197,554 Other services 88,000 88,000 142,109 Total charges for services 1,720,000 1,720,000 1,915,910 Micellaneous Fines and forfeitures 2,426,000 2,426,000 2,263,787 Interest 121,000 121,000 634,973	(18,424	631 576	650 000	650 000	
Other licenses Permits 8,000 841,000 8,000 797,714 Total licenses and permits 1,514,000 1,514,000 1,448,991 Intergovernmental Class C road allotment 1,400,000 1,915,000 1,415,023 State liquor allotment 25,000 25,000 57,743 State emergency medical services program 10,000 10,000 18,757 F.E.M.A. grant 26,000 26,000 3,750 Local law enforcement grant 296,000 366,000 230,788 Victim advocate & violence against women grants 44,000 49,329 Salt Lake County grant 10,000 10,000 5,675 ZAP tax grant 25,000 25,000 77,442 Total intergovernmental 1,836,000 2,421,000 1,858,507 Charges for services Parks and recreation 1,068,000 1,088,000 1,098,462 Special police services and paramedic 279,000 279,000 338,222 Heritage center 138,000 138,000 139,563 Cemetery lots and services 147,000 147,000	(13,300	,	,		
Permits	10,001	,	• • •	•	<u> </u>
Intergovernmental	(43,286				
Class C road allotment 1,400,000 1,915,000 1,415,023 State liquor allotment 25,000 25,000 57,743 State emergency medical services program 10,000 10,000 18,757 F.E.M.A. grant 26,000 26,000 3,750 Local law enforcement grant 296,000 366,000 230,788 Victim advocate & violence against women grants 44,000 44,000 49,329 Salt Lake County grant 10,000 10,000 5,675 ZAP tax grant 25,000 25,000 77,442 Total intergovernmental 1,836,000 2,421,000 1,858,507 Charges for services Parks and recreation 1,068,000 1,068,000 1,098,462 Special police services and paramedic 279,000 279,000 338,222 Heritage center 138,000 138,000 139,563 Cemetery lots and services 147,000 147,000 197,554 Other services 88,000 88,000 1,915,910 Micellaneous Fines and forfeitures 2,426,00	(65,009	1,448,991	1,514,000	1,514,000	Total licenses and permits
Class C road allotment 1,400,000 1,915,000 1,415,023 State liquor allotment 25,000 25,000 57,743 State emergency medical services program 10,000 10,000 18,757 F.E.M.A. grant 26,000 26,000 3,750 Local law enforcement grant 296,000 366,000 230,788 Victim advocate & violence against women grants 44,000 44,000 49,329 Salt Lake County grant 10,000 10,000 5,675 ZAP tax grant 25,000 25,000 77,442 Total intergovernmental 1,836,000 2,421,000 1,858,507 Charges for services Parks and recreation 1,068,000 1,068,000 1,098,462 Special police services and paramedic 279,000 279,000 338,222 Heritage center 138,000 138,000 139,563 Cemetery lots and services 147,000 147,000 197,554 Other services 88,000 88,000 1,915,910 Micellaneous 7,720,000 1,720,000					Intergovernmental
State liquor allotment 25,000 25,000 57,743 State emergency medical services program 10,000 10,000 18,757 F.E.M.A. grant 26,000 26,000 3,750 Local law enforcement grant 296,000 366,000 230,788 Victim advocate & violence against women grants 44,000 44,000 49,329 Salt Lake County grant 10,000 10,000 5,675 ZAP tax grant 25,000 25,000 77,442 Total intergovernmental 1,836,000 2,421,000 1,858,507 Charges for services Parks and recreation 1,068,000 1,068,000 1,098,462 Special police services and paramedic 279,000 279,000 338,222 Heritage center 138,000 138,000 139,563 Cemetery lots and services 147,000 147,000 197,554 Other services 88,000 88,000 142,109 Total charges for services 1,720,000 1,720,000 1,915,910 Micellaneous Fines and forfeitures 2,426,000 2,426,000 2,263,787 Interest <t< td=""><td>(400.077</td><td>4 445 000</td><td>1 015 000</td><td>1 400 000</td><td></td></t<>	(400.077	4 445 000	1 015 000	1 400 000	
State emergency medical services program 10,000 10,000 18,757 F.E.M.A. grant 26,000 26,000 3,750 Local law enforcement grant 296,000 366,000 230,788 Victim advocate & violence against women grants 44,000 44,000 49,329 Salt Lake County grant 10,000 10,000 5,675 ZAP tax grant 25,000 25,000 77,442 Total intergovernmental 1,836,000 2,421,000 1,858,507 Charges for services Parks and recreation 1,068,000 1,068,000 1,098,462 Special police services and paramedic 279,000 279,000 338,222 Heritage center 138,000 138,000 139,563 Cemetery lots and services 147,000 147,000 197,554 Other services 88,000 88,000 142,109 Total charges for services 1,720,000 1,720,000 1,915,910 Micellaneous Fines and forfeitures 2,426,000 2,426,000 2,263,787 Interest 121,000 121,000 634,973	(499,977)			, ,	
F.E.M.A. grant 26,000 26,000 3,750 Local law enforcement grant 296,000 366,000 230,788 Victim advocate & violence against women grants 44,000 44,000 49,329 Salt Lake County grant 10,000 10,000 5,675 ZAP tax grant 25,000 25,000 77,442 Total intergovernmental 1,836,000 2,421,000 1,858,507 Charges for services Parks and recreation 1,068,000 1,068,000 1,098,462 Special police services and paramedic 279,000 279,000 338,222 Heritage center 138,000 138,000 139,563 Cemetery lots and services 147,000 147,000 197,554 Other services 88,000 88,000 142,109 Total charges for services 1,720,000 1,720,000 1,915,910 Micellaneous Fines and forfeitures 2,426,000 2,426,000 2,263,787 Interest 121,000 121,000 634,973	32,743		•	•	·
Local law enforcement grant 296,000 366,000 230,788 Victim advocate & violence against women grants 44,000 44,000 49,329 Salt Lake County grant 10,000 10,000 5,675 ZAP tax grant 25,000 25,000 77,442 Total intergovernmental 1,836,000 2,421,000 1,858,507 Charges for services Parks and recreation 1,068,000 1,068,000 1,098,462 Special police services and paramedic 279,000 279,000 338,222 Heritage center 138,000 138,000 139,563 Cemetery lots and services 147,000 147,000 197,554 Other services 88,000 88,000 142,109 Total charges for services 1,720,000 1,720,000 1,915,910 Micellaneous Fines and forfeitures 2,426,000 2,426,000 2,263,787 Interest 121,000 121,000 634,973	8,757				• • •
Victim advocate & violence against women grants 44,000 44,000 49,329 Salt Lake County grant 10,000 10,000 5,675 ZAP tax grant 25,000 25,000 77,442 Total intergovernmental 1,836,000 2,421,000 1,858,507 Charges for services Parks and recreation 1,068,000 1,068,000 1,098,462 Special police services and paramedic 279,000 279,000 338,222 Heritage center 138,000 138,000 139,563 Cemetery lots and services 147,000 147,000 197,554 Other services 88,000 88,000 142,109 Total charges for services 1,720,000 1,720,000 1,915,910 Micellaneous Fines and forfeitures 2,426,000 2,426,000 2,263,787 Interest 121,000 121,000 634,973	(22,250)	-,		•	
Salt Lake County grant 10,000 10,000 5,675 ZAP tax grant 25,000 25,000 77,442 Total intergovernmental 1,836,000 2,421,000 1,858,507 Charges for services Parks and recreation 1,068,000 1,068,000 1,098,462 Special police services and paramedic 279,000 279,000 338,222 Heritage center 138,000 138,000 139,563 Cemetery lots and services 147,000 147,000 197,554 Other services 88,000 88,000 142,109 Total charges for services 1,720,000 1,720,000 1,915,910 Micellaneous 2,426,000 2,426,000 2,263,787 Interest 121,000 121,000 634,973	(135,212)	•			•
ZAP tax grant 25,000 25,000 77,442 Total intergovernmental 1,836,000 2,421,000 1,858,507 Charges for services Parks and recreation 1,068,000 1,068,000 1,098,462 Special police services and paramedic 279,000 279,000 338,222 Heritage center 138,000 138,000 139,563 Cemetery lots and services 147,000 147,000 197,554 Other services 88,000 88,000 142,109 Total charges for services 1,720,000 1,720,000 1,915,910 Micellaneous 2,426,000 2,426,000 2,263,787 Interest 121,000 121,000 634,973	5,329		•	,	
Total intergovernmental 1,836,000 2,421,000 1,858,507 Charges for services Parks and recreation 1,068,000 1,068,000 1,098,462 Special police services and paramedic 279,000 279,000 338,222 Heritage center 138,000 138,000 139,563 Cemetery lots and services 147,000 147,000 197,554 Other services 88,000 88,000 142,109 Total charges for services 1,720,000 1,720,000 1,915,910 Micellaneous 2,426,000 2,426,000 2,263,787 Interest 121,000 121,000 634,973	(4,325)		•		, ,
Charges for services Parks and recreation 1,068,000 1,068,000 1,098,462 Special police services and paramedic 279,000 279,000 338,222 Heritage center 138,000 138,000 139,563 Cemetery lots and services 147,000 147,000 197,554 Other services 88,000 88,000 142,109 Total charges for services 1,720,000 1,720,000 1,915,910 Micellaneous Fines and forfeitures 2,426,000 2,426,000 2,263,787 Interest 121,000 121,000 634,973	52,442		25,000	25,000	ZAF lax grant
Parks and recreation 1,068,000 1,068,000 1,098,462 Special police services and paramedic 279,000 279,000 338,222 Heritage center 138,000 138,000 139,563 Cemetery lots and services 147,000 147,000 197,554 Other services 88,000 88,000 142,109 Total charges for services 1,720,000 1,720,000 1,915,910 Micellaneous Fines and forfeitures 2,426,000 2,426,000 2,263,787 Interest 121,000 121,000 634,973	(562,493)	1,858,507	2,421,000	1,836,000	Total intergovernmental
Special police services and paramedic 279,000 279,000 338,222 Heritage center 138,000 138,000 139,563 Cemetery lots and services 147,000 147,000 197,554 Other services 88,000 88,000 142,109 Total charges for services 1,720,000 1,720,000 1,915,910 Micellaneous Fines and forfeitures 2,426,000 2,426,000 2,263,787 Interest 121,000 121,000 634,973					Charges for services
Heritage center 138,000 138,000 139,563 Cemetery lots and services 147,000 147,000 197,554 Other services 88,000 88,000 142,109 Total charges for services 1,720,000 1,720,000 1,915,910 Micellaneous Fines and forfeitures 2,426,000 2,426,000 2,263,787 Interest 121,000 121,000 634,973	30,462	1,098,462	1,068,000	1,068,000	Parks and recreation
Heritage center 138,000 138,000 139,563 Cemetery lots and services 147,000 147,000 197,554 Other services 88,000 88,000 142,109 Total charges for services 1,720,000 1,720,000 1,915,910 Micellaneous Fines and forfeitures 2,426,000 2,426,000 2,263,787 Interest 121,000 121,000 634,973	59,222		279,000	279,000	Special police services and paramedic
Cemetery lots and services 147,000 88,000 147,000 197,554 88,000 142,109 Total charges for services 1,720,000 1,720,000 1,915,910 Micellaneous Fines and forfeitures Interest 2,426,000 2,426,000 2,263,787 121,000	1,563	139,563	138,000	138,000	Heritage center
Total charges for services 1,720,000 1,720,000 1,915,910 Micellaneous Fines and forfeitures 2,426,000 2,426,000 2,263,787 Interest 121,000 121,000 634,973	50.554	197,554	147,000	147,000	Cemetery lots and services
Micellaneous Fines and forfeitures 2,426,000 2,426,000 2,263,787 Interest 121,000 121,000 634,973	54,109	•	•	88,000	Other services
Fines and forfeitures 2,426,000 2,426,000 2,263,787 Interest 121,000 121,000 634,973	195,910	1,915,910	1,720,000	1,720,000	Total charges for services
Fines and forfeitures 2,426,000 2,426,000 2,263,787 Interest 121,000 121,000 634,973					Micellaneous
Interest 121,000 121,000 634,973	(162,213)	2.263.787	2,426,000	2.426.000	
	513,973	• •		- ,	Interest
	38,411	•			
Total miscellaneous <u>2,706,000</u> <u>2,706,000</u> <u>3,096,171</u>	390,171	3,096,171	2,706,000	2,706,000	Total miscellaneous
Total revenues 29,340,000 30,130,000 31,214,885	1,084,885	31,214,885	30,130,000	29,340,000	Total revenues

(Continued)

	D	A		Variance with
Expenditures	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Positive
General government	Original	<u> </u>	Actual	(Negative)
Legislative	303 000	303 000	272 002	20.000
•	293,000	293,000	272,002	20,998
Justice Court	1,428,400	1,428,400	1,315,891	112,509
Mayor	423,800	423,800	400,992	22,808
Finance	125,400	125,400	79,9 50	45, 450
Treasurer	900	90 0	353	547
Recorder and business licensing	36 0,900	360,900	352,7 21	8, 179
Legal	387,100	387,100	384,975	2,12 5
Planning and zoning	55 5,80 0	55 5,80 0	534,9 83	20,817
Nondepartmental	625,000	625,000	. 587,117	37,883
Government building	272,800	272,800	268,739	4,061
Personnel	263,900	273,900	250,542	23 ,358
Data processing	526,100	526,100	520,576	5,524
Telecommunications	87,400	87,400	57,040	30 ,360
Community development	94,900	94,900	78,912	15,988
Total general government	5,445,400	5,455,400	5,104,793	350,607
Public safety				
Police department	8,670,600	8,67 0,60 0	8,608,176	62,424
Fire department	5,393,500	5,49 2,80 0	5,370,742	122,058
Building inspection	617,300	652,300	645,081	7,219
Total public safety	14,681,400	14,815,700	14,623,999	191,701
Highways and public improvements Engineering	842.000	842.000	707 407	45.400
	812,900	812,900	797,497	15,403
Streets and highways	1,793,800	1,793,800	1,759,382	34,418
Class C road	1,631,000	2,306,000	2,326,700	(20,700)
Road construction	562,300	562,300	539,176	23,124
Shops and garages	311,500	311,500	311,005	495
Total highways and public improvements	5,111,500	5,786,500	5,733,760	52,740
Parks	3,314,300	3,314,300	3,301,607	12,693
Organized recreation	•			•
	1,976,700	1,976,700	1,987,865	(11,165)
Cemetery	<u>331,700</u>	331,700	331,400	300
Total parks, recreation, and public property	5,622,700	5,622,700	5,620,872	1,828
Debt service				
Principal	425,000	425,000	355,0 00	70,0 00
Interest	54 ,000	54,000	53,069	931
morest	34,000	37,000		301
Total debt service	479,000	479,000	408,069	70,931
Total expenditures	31,340,000	32,159,300	31,491,493	667,807
Other financing sources (uses)				
Capital lease financing	200,000	200,000	180,016	(19,984)
Sale of capital assets	323,000	323,000	115,434	(207,566)
Transfers in	1,487,000	1,487,000	1,575,807	88,8 07
Transfers out	(610,000)		(512,00 0)	98,000
Net other financing sources (uses)	1,400,000	(610,000) 1,400,000	1,359,257	(40,743)
Net change in fund balance	(600,000)	(629,300)	1,082,649	1,711,949
Fund balance at beginning of year	7,978,421	7,978,421	7,978,421	-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 7,378,421	\$ 7,349,121	\$ 9,061,070	\$ 1,711,949
i una salante at ene el year	Ψ 1,510,421	ψ 1,043,121	Ψ 3,001,010	Ψ 1,111,343

				•							
•											
			Business 1	Гуре /	Activities - Enterpri	ise Fu	unds				
										G	overnmental
							Non-				Activities -
			Waste				Major				internal
		Water	Water		Power		Enterprise		Totals		Service
ASSETS		Fund	Fund		Fund		Funds				
700210		1 dilu	 FURU		Funu		Furios		2006		Funds
Current assets											
		. 700		_		_					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,709,029	\$ 1,5 27,37 9	\$	3 ,863 ,098	\$	639 ,501	\$	8, 739 ,007	\$	819,474
Receivables											
Accounts		65 5,891	260,686		3,228,488		40,715		4,185,780		118
Others		6,444	-		45,750		•		52,194		-
Due from other funds			96 0		17 ,851		_		18 ,811		_
Due from other governments		_	111,150		,		_		111,150		_
Inventories		_			1 473 011		68 124				40.000
111101100			 		1,473,911	_	68,134		1, 542 ,045		43,686
Total current assets		2 274 264	4 000 475		0.000.000		740.050				
Total Current assets		3,371,364	 1,900,175		8,629,098		748,350		14 ,648 ,987		863,278
Noncurrent assets											
Restricted cash		-	-		6 ,015 ,847		-		6 ,015 ,847		-
Property, plant and equipment			 								
Land		1,714,666	178,487		1,630,272		326 ,336		3,849,761		_
Buildings		904,024	949,132		3,234,386		797,534				-
Improvements other than buildings		19,925,064					•		5, 885 ,076		-
			7,833,261		77, 614 ,366		3 ,785, 295		109, 157 ,986		-
Machinery and equipment		2,09 5,040	1,324,131		4 ,752 ,672		690,222		8, 862, 065		138, 176
Furniture and fixtures		244,515	102,762		3, 783 ,547		-		4,130,824		-
Construction in progress		-	-		8,1 75 ,253		_		8,175,253		_
Accumulated depreciation		(9,793,700)	(4,136,252)		(49,744,421)		(3,964,476)		(67,638,849)		(71,826)
			 (1,111111111111111111111111111111111111	_	(10)111/121/	_	(0,001,170)		(01,000,010)		(11,020)
Net property, plant and equipment		15,089,609	6,251,521		49, 446 ,075		4 004 044		70 400 440		00.050
rior property, plant and equipment		10,000,000	 0,231,321	_	45,440,075		1,634,911		72, 422, 116		66,350
Other assets											
Unamortized bond issue costs		20,366	12,173		354 ,654		-		387, 193		-
Prepaid generation and											
transmission fees		-	_		2, 350 ,513		_		2,350,513		_
Investment in joint ventures		_	3,652,056		_,555,5.5				3,652,056		
Wilder and the form to more of			 3,032,030			_		_	3,032,036		-
Total other assets		00.000	0.004.000		0.705.407						
rotal other assets		20,366	 3,664,229		2,705,167				6, 389, 762		-
											
Total noncurrent assets		15,109 ,975	 9,915,750		58,167,089		1,634,911		84, 827, 725		66,350
Total assets	\$	18,481,339	\$ 11,815,925	\$	66, 796 ,187	\$	2,383,261	\$	99,476,712	\$	929,628
			 							<u> </u>	
LIABILITIES											
ENDILITE											
Current liabilities											
	_										
Accounts payable	\$	45, 795	\$ 91,404	\$	4,031,667	\$	17,2 79	\$	4, 186, 145	\$	12,509
Accrued liabilities		48,794	23,032		342,520		50 ,539		464,885		211,443
Due to other funds		53, 374	9,471		38,918		33,000		134 ,763		150,000
Long-term debt - current portion, net		197, 153	117,847		1,133,769						
Accrued interest							64 ,062		1,512,831		-
racing interest		52,821	 31,573		103,123				187,517		
T-4-1 4 P 4 P 2											
Total current liabilities	-	397,937	 273,327		5, 649, 997		164,880		6, 486,1 41		3 73,9 52
			. —								
Noncurrent liabilities											
Deposit s		-	-		648,398		-		648,398		_
Compensated absences		63,316	20,239		240,698		31,612		355,8 65		14,497
Long-term debt			_0,200								17,731
Revenue bonds payable, due after one year, net		4 727 022	2 022 277		04 700 000		135,619		135,6 19		-
. Servindo bondo payable, que alter one year, net		4,737,923	 2,832,077		24,769,080				32, 339,0 80		
Total management Ball 990 a											
Total noncurrent liabilities		4,801,239	 2,852,316		25 ,658, 176		167,231		33, 478,9 62		14,497
Total liabilities		5,199,1 76	3,125,643		31, 308, 173		332,111		39,965,103		388,4 49
	· ·		 								
NET ASSETS											
Invested in capital assets, net of debt		10,154,533	6,953,653		23,543,226		1,634,911		42 286 222		66 350
		10,104,000	0,000,000		20,040,220		1,034,911		42, 286,3 23		66,3 50
Restricted for debt service			244.000								
Unrestricted		2 407 000	314,066		44 = 44 =				314,066		<u>-</u>
Omeamoled		3,127,630	 1,422,563		11,944,788		416,239		16,911,220		474,829
-	-						_				
Total net assets	<u>\$</u>	13,282,163	\$ 8,690,282	_\$	35, 488, 014	\$	2,051,150	\$	59,511, 6 09	\$	541,179

		Business Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
	Water Fund	Waste Water Fund	Power Fund	Non- Major Enterprise Funds	Totals 2006	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds			
Operating revenues Sales and charges for services Connection and servicing fees	\$ 4,628,274 275, 662	\$ 2,994,781 1 38,14 8	\$ 28,354,736 208,087	\$ 1, 421, 382	\$ 37,399,173 621,8 97	\$ 445 ,912			
Green fees Other	16,120	12,718	1,069,400	847 ,040 292 ,067	847,040 1, 390,3 05	-			
Total operating revenues	4,920,056	3,145,647	29,632,223	2,560,489	40,258,415	445,912			
Operating expenses									
Production or purchase of power Transmission, distribution, and	•	-	18,724,219	-	18, 724,2 19	-			
maintenance	1,527,195	886,023	162,364	-	2,575,582	-			
Administration and general Depreciation and amortization	1,218, 42 9 705 ,06 0	514,086 249.082	5, 293 ,104 3 ,605,6 10	521,225 1 96 ,743	7,546,844 4, 756,4 95	5,001			
Operations and maintenance	700,000	249,062 966,519	3,354,380	968,681	5, 289, 580	378,337			
Jordan River Parkway				453,139	453,139				
Total operating expenses	3,450,684	2,615,710	31,139,677	2,139,788	39,345,859	383, 338			
Operating income (loss)	1,469,372	529,937	(1, 507 ,454)	420,701	912,556	62,574			
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)									
Interest revenue	112,492	63,852	602, 163	6,464	784, 971	31,369			
Interest expense	(212,056)	(141,411)	(1,254,536)	-	(1,608,003)	~			
Impact fees	185 ,518	111,134	271,961	. •	568,613	•			
Loss in joint venture	-	(64 6,40 3)		•	(646,403)	-			
Gain on disposal of capital assets	57,015	50,000	2,451,082	·	2,558,097				
Net nonoperating		.=							
revenues (expenses)	142,969	(562,828)	2,070,670	6,464	1,657,275	31,369			
Income (loss) before operating transfers	1,612 ,341	(32,891)	563,2 16	427,165	2,569,831	93,94 3			
Transfers in	<u>.</u>	-	•	512,000	512,0 00	_			
Transfers out	(432,418)	(277,467)	(798,914)	(22,008)	(1,530,807)				
Change in net assets	1,179,923	(310,358)	(235,698)	917,157	1,551,024	93,9 43			
Net assets at beginning of year	12,102,240	9,000,640	35,723,712	1,133,993	57, 960,5 85	447,236			
Net assets at end of year	\$ 13,282,163	\$ 8,690,282	\$ 35,488,014	\$ 2,051,150	\$ 59,511,609	\$ 541,179			

•	Business Type Activities - Enterprise Funds											
	· .	Water Fund		Waste Water Fund	_	Power Fund		Non- M ajor Ent erprise Funds	_	T otals 20 0 6		overnmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities	•											
Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$ 	4,616, 071 (1,699,150) (1,226,361)	\$ 	3,151,270 (1,753,924) (586,855)	\$ 	29,433,871 (22,605,922) (4,200,287)		2, 553 ,354 (1, 183 ,800) (741 ,050)	\$	39, 754, 566 (27, 242, 796) (6, 754, 553)	\$	450,36 5 (93 ,359) (296,446)
Net cash provided by operating activities		1,690,560		810,491		2,627,662		628, 504	_	5,757,217		60, 560
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities												
Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds		- (432, 41 8)		• (277.467)		(709 014)		512,000		512,000		-
Advances from (to) other funds		(43 2,418) 76,577		(2 77,46 7) 12,116		(798 ,914) 56 ,429		(22,008) (878,000)		(1,530,807) (732,878)		-
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		(355,841)		(265,351)	_	(742,485)		(388,008)		(1,751,685)		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Acquisition and construction of property,												
plant, and equipment		(1,598,779)		(298,458)		(5 ,087 ,540)		-		(6,984,777)		(11,588)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Impact fees		57,015		50,000		2,451,082		- .		2, 558 ,097		•
Principal paid on revenue bonds and debt		185,518 (194,024)		111,134 (115,976)		271 ,961 (1 .060 ,000)		(95 ,013)		568, 613 (1, 46 5,013)		-
Interest paid		(213,026)		(141,991)		(1,276,610)		-		(1, 463 ,613)		-
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and		_	_		_		_					
related financing activities		(1,763,296)		(395,291)	_	(4,701,107)		(95, 013)		(6,954,707)		(11,588)
Cash flows from investing activites												
Interest and dividends received Investments in joint ventures		112, 492		63,852 (120,281)	_	602 ,163		6,464		784, 971 (120, 281)		31,369
Net cash provided by investing activities		112,492		(56,429)		602, 163		6,464		664,690		31,369
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(316 ,085)		93,420		(2,213,767)		151, 947		(2, 284, 485)		80,341
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		3,025,114		1,433,959		12, 092 ,712	_	487,554	_	17, 039,3 39		739,133
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	2,709,029	\$	1,527,379	<u>\$</u>	9, 878 ,945	\$	639, 501	<u>\$</u>	14, 754, 854	<u> </u>	819,474
Unrestricted cash		2,709,029		1,527,379		3,863,098		639,501		8,739,007		819,474
Restricted cash		·				_6,015,847		,		6, 015,8 47		-
	\$	2,709,029	\$	1,527,379	\$	9,878,945	\$	639,501	\$	14,754,854	\$	819,474
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash												
provided by operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by	\$	1,469,372	\$	529,937	\$	(1, 507 ,454)	\$	420 ,701	\$	912,556	\$	62,574
Depreciation and amortization Changes in assets and liabilities		705, 060		249,082		3, 726, 298		196,743		4, 877,1 83		5,001
Accounts receivable Other receivables		(306, 516) 2,531		5,623 -		(352, 654) 17,4 07		1,826		(651,721) 19,9 38		-
Inventories		-		-		136,8 95		(8,961)		127,934		4,453
Accounts payable		(173, 034)		17,915		574,438		6,731		426,0 50		(14,167)
Accrued liabilities Compensated absences		4,308 (11,161)		4,053 3,88 1		35,843 7,003		7,833 3,631		52,03 7		1,440
Customer deposits						(10,114)		3,631 		3,354 (10,114)		1,259
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,690,560	\$	810,491	\$	2,627,662	\$	628,504	\$	5, 757,2 17	\$	60,560

MURRAY CITY CORPORATION Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2006

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The basic financial statements of Murray City Corporation (the City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles (GAAP) generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting principles.

Financial reporting is based upon all GASB pronouncements, as well as the FASB Statements and Interpretations, APB Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins that were issued on or before November 30, 1989 that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. FASB pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989 are not followed in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements.

The City of Murray was incorporated November 25, 1902. The City operates under a strong Mayor Council form of government. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The City is considered to be financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of that organization or there is a potential for that organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City. The City is also considered to be financially accountable for an organization if that organization is fiscally dependent (i.e., it is unable to adopt its budget, levy taxes, set rates or charges, or issue bonded debt without approval from the City). The component units discussed below are included as part of the City's reporting entity as blended component units.

The Redevelopment Agency of Murray City (RDA) was established in 1976 to prepare and carry out plans to improve, rehabilitate and redevelop blighted areas within the City. The RDA is governed by a board of trustees composed of the City Mayor and members of the Municipal Council. Although it is a legally separate entity from the City, the RDA is reported as if it were part of the primary government because of the City's ability to impose its will upon the operations of the RDA. The RDA is included in these financial statements as the Redevelopment Agency Special Revenue Fund. Separate financial statements are not issued for the RDA.

The Municipal Building Authority of Murray City Corporation (MBA) was established to finance and construct municipal buildings that are then leased to the City. The MBA is governed by a five-member board of trustees composed of the Municipal Council. Although it is a legally separate entity from the City, the MBA is reported as if it were part of the primary government because of the City's ability to impose its will upon the operations of the MBA. The MBA is included in these financial statements as the Municipal Building Authority Special Revenue Fund. Separate financial statements are not issued for the MBA.

MURRAY CITY CORPORATION Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2006

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those which are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The use of financial resources to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term debt of the City are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than an expenditure in the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt-service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

MURRAY CITY CORPORATION Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2006

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Sales taxes, use taxes, franchise taxes, and earned but unreimbursed state and federal grants associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Property taxes are measurable as of the date levied (assessed) and are recognized as revenues when they become available. Available means when due, or past due, and received within the current period or collected soon enough thereafter (within 45 days) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. All other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Power Fund accounts for the activities of the City's electrical production and distribution operations.

The Water Fund accounts for the activities of the City's water production, treatment and distribution operations.

The Wastewater Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's sewer collection system and sewage treatment.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal Service funds to account for the self-insurance activities of the various funds throughout the City and to account for the costs of operating a maintenance facility for vehicles and equipment owned by the City.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments to the General Fund by various enterprise finds for the providing of administrative and billing services for such funds. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of all enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds includes the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)</u>

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

Cash. Deposits and Investments Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and deposits in other types of accounts or cash management pools that have the general characteristics of demand deposit accounts. City policy allows for the investment of funds in time certificates of deposit with federally insured depositories, investment in the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund and other investments allowed by the State of Utah's Money Management Act. Investments are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Investment Fund operates in accordance with state laws and regulations. The reported value of the Fund is the same as the fair value of the Fund shares.

Cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates. Investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased meet this definition.

Receivables and Payables Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to or due from other funds". In the Power, Water, Wastewater, and Solid Waste Management funds, the City records utility revenues billed to customers when meters are read on a monthly basis. Unbilled service accounts receivable at June 30, 2006 were estimated based on July billings and are included in the operating revenues and accounts receivable at year-end.

Inventories and Prepaid Items Inventories of materials and supplies in the proprietary funds, consisting principally of materials used in the repair of the transmission, distribution, collection and treatment systems, are valued at cost and accounted for on a first-in, first-out basis (FIFO). Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of three years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

As permitted by GASB Statement No. 34, the City had not retroactively recorded infrastructure assets. During the year ended June 30, 2006, the City retroactively recorded infrastructure assets acquired before June 30, 2001. GASB Statement 34 required prospective reporting of infrastructure from June 30, 2002, but allowed

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

additional time for recording of infrastructure constructed or acquired between June 30, 1980 and June 30, 2001. The pre June 30, 2001, infrastructure has been booked and reported in the government-wide financial statements as prescribed by Statement 34. The infrastructure assets, net of depreciation, are shown on the Statement of Activities as a prior period adjustment. Prior year comparative data in other areas of this report have been modified to reflect the retroactive recording of the infrastructure.

Property, plant, and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Building and improvements	10 to 40 years
Infrastructure	20 to 50 years
Machinery and equipment	4 to 10 years
Furniture and fixtures	5 to 10 years
Water and sewer lines	33 years

Compensated Absences For governmental funds amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave and comp time that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statement of net assets and as expenses in the government-wide statement of activities. No expenditures are reported for these amounts in the fund financial statements. Vested or accumulated vacation leave and comp time of proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and a liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to the employees and are thus recorded in both the government-wide financial statements and the individual fund financial statements. Sick pay amounts are charged to expenditures when incurred. Employees may accumulate sick leave without limitation. Accumulated sick leave is paid to employees upon retirement, with a limitation of 25 percent of accumulated hours. Employees that are terminated for reasons other than retirement are not paid for accumulated sick leave. The liability for accumulated sick pay amounts is not accrued, as the amount is insignificant.

Long-Term Obligations In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums, discounts, and issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the life of the applicable debt. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

<u>Restricted Assets</u> Restricted assets are comprised of cash restricted for future payments of principal and interest on debt service as well as unexpended portions of bonds issued for capital construction purposes.

2. <u>RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u>

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between total governmental fund balances and net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the statement of net assets versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheets.

Capital related items:

When capital assets (property, plant and equipment) that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the cost of those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of net assets includes those capital assets among the assets of the City as a whole.

Cost of capital assets	\$134,147,296
Investment in joint venture	1,422,182
Accumulated depreciation	(<u>67.063,240</u>)

Long-term debt transactions:

Total difference

<u>\$ 68,506,238</u>

Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities in the fund financials. All liabilities (both current and long-term) are reported in the statement of net assets. Balances at June 30, 2006 were:

Municipal Building Authority bonds Sales tax revenue bonds Excise tax revenue bonds Capital lease Interest payable on long-term debt Compensated absences	\$11,810,000 1,780,000 1,920,000 721,370 96,518 814,412
Total difference	\$17,142,300

2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Explanation of Certain Differences Between Governmental Fund Operating Statements and the Statement of Net Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds and changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. The first element of this reconciliation states that capital outlays are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures while the government-wide statement of activities allocates these costs over the useful lives of the assets as depreciation. While shown in the reconciliation as the net difference, the elements of this difference are as follow:

Capital outlay \$1,336,859
Depreciation expense (4,127,193)
Net difference as reported (\$2,790,334)

3. <u>STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY</u>

Budgetary Information

Prior to May 1, the Mayor submits to the Municipal Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the proposed sources of revenues.

Between May 1 and June 20, the Municipal Council reviews and adjusts the Mayor's proposed budget. On or before June 20, a public hearing is held and the budget is legally adopted through passage of a resolution.

After the budget is adopted, the Finance Director may transfer any unencumbered or unexpended appropriation amount from one expenditure account to another within a department. The Municipal Council may, by resolution, transfer any unencumbered or unexpended appropriation amount from one department in a fund to another department within the same fund.

When the Municipal Council determines that an emergency exists, such as widespread damage from fire, flood, or earthquake the Municipal Council may increase the budget of the General Fund by resolution or a public hearing.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Capital Projects Fund. In the General Fund, budgets are adopted at the functional level and budgetary control is exercised at the departmental level. For Special Revenue Funds, budgets are adopted and control is exercised at the level of total expenditures for each individual fund.

Annual budgets for the General Fund, all Special Revenue Funds (Municipal Building Authority Fund, Library Fund, Redevelopment Agency Fund, Community Development Fund and Economic Development Fund), and the Capital Projects Fund were legally adopted by the City and are prepared on the modified-accrual method of accounting.

3. <u>STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)</u>

Budgetary Information (Continued)

Encumbrances (commitments related to unperformed purchase orders or contracts for goods or services) are used only as an internal management control device during the year. The City does not have any encumbrances outstanding at year end since appropriations lapse at year end. However, encumbered amounts are generally reappropriated and honored as part of the following year's budget.

Although Utah State law requires the initial preparation of budgets for all City funds (both governmental and proprietary), it only requires the reporting of actual versus such budgets for governmental funds.

Tax Revenues

Property taxes are collected by the Salt Lake County Treasurer and remitted to the City in two to three installments in November, December, and January of each fiscal year and a final settlement by March 31st. Taxes are levied and are due and payable on November 1st and delinquent after November 30th of each year at which time they become liens if not paid. An accrual of delinquent current and prior year's property taxes beyond that which was received within 60 days after fiscal year end has not been made, as the amounts are not deemed to be material. An accrual for current year property taxes estimated to be collected the following November and December is made each year.

Sales taxes are collected by the Utah State Tax Commission and remitted to the City monthly. An accrual has been made for all taxes received by the State for the period ended June 30th and thus due and payable to the City.

Franchise taxes are charged to various utility companies doing business with the City including telephone, cable television, gas utility, and electric utility companies. The fees are remitted on a monthly, quarterly, semi-annual, or annual basis. An accrual has not been made for fees due and payable to the City at June 30th as the amounts are not deemed to be material.

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES FOR ALL FUNDS</u>

<u>Deficit Fund Equity and Excess Expenditures Over Appropriations</u>

The Telecommunications Enterprise Fund had a deficit net assets of \$32,217 at June 30, 2006. This fund started operations in 2001 and will eliminate this deficit in the next fiscal year through lease or sale of the City's fiber optic backbone ring. The Central Garage Internal Service Fund has a deficit net assets of \$76,881 at June 30, 2006. This deficit will be eliminated by increased charges for services in future years.

Deposits and Investments

Utah State law establishes the rules and regulations for deposits and investments and is known as the Utah Money Management Act. The Act established the Money Management Council that promulgates additional rules and determines which financial institutions may qualify to hold deposits and investments for state and local entities. The City has complied with the Utah Money Management Act and rules of the Money Management Council with regard to deposits and investments.

As of June 30, 2006, the City's demand deposits amounted to \$1,887,022.

As of June 30, 2006, the City had investments in the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund of \$26,044,350. The fund is not rated and the weighted average maturity was less than 90 days. The City also held investments in U.S. Government securities of \$1,379,774.

Custodial credit risk - deposits. This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. As of June 30, 2006, \$3,893,895 of the City's \$4,093,895 bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. The Utah Money Management Act does not require deposits to be insured or collateralized and the City has no formal policy regarding deposit credit risk. The Act requires that the City keep deposits in a qualified depository, which the City has done.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. This is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. The City has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for investments. Money invested in the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund is pooled with many other state and local entities, and is managed by the Utah State Treasurer. The Fund is not categorized as to custodial credit risk.

Interest rate credit risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's policy for managing its exposure to fair value loss from changes in interest rates is to follow the Utah Money Management Act and only invest in instruments that mature in one year or less. Investment within the Public Treasurer's Investment Fund have a weighted average maturity of less than ninety days.

MURRAY CITY CORPORATION

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2006

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES FOR ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)</u>

Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer will not fulfill its obligations. The City policy is consistent with and complies with the Utah State Money Management Act. Investment is limited to U.S. Treasuries, U.S. Government Agency instruments, Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund, and other instruments that are rated A or higher by Standard & Poor's or Moody's. The City only invested in the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund and U.S. Treasury securities during the year.

Concentration of credit risk. City policy requires diversification and limits the amount that may be invested in the same company. First, the City may not invest more than 20% of its idle funds outside of the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund. Second, not more than 10% of the total portfolio may be invested in a single company's credit instruments. The Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund is highly diversified and must comply with various rules of the Utah State Money Management Act and Money Management Council.

The deposits and investments described above are included on the government-wide statement of net assets as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$21,882,534
Restricted cash	6,048,838
Restricted investments	<u> 1,379,774</u>
•	\$29,311,146

Deposits

Enterprise fund deposits are deposits the City requires from residential renters and any business receiving a utility connection. The deposit is refundable after 2 years for residential and business customers upon satisfactory payment history.

Receivables

Receivables as of year end for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor and internal service funds, in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

ŕ	<u>General</u>	Water	Waste Water	<u>Power</u>	Nonmajor Funds	<u>Total</u>
Receivables:						
Taxes	\$5,278,000	\$	\$	\$	\$1,282,00 0	\$ 6,560,000
Accounts and other	437,351	671,460	267,568	3,392,411	40,833	4,809,623
Special assessments	1,753					1,753
Intergovernmental	2,663,144		111,150		199 ,60 0	2,973,894
Gross receivables	8,380,248	671,460	378 ,718	3,392,411	1,522,433	14,345,270
					•	
Less: allowance for uncollectibles		(<u>9.125</u>)	(<u>6,882</u>)	(<u>118,173</u>)		(134,180)
Net total receivables	\$8,380,248	\$662,335	\$371,836	\$3,274,238	<u>\$1,522,433</u>	\$14,211,090

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES FOR ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)</u>

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue and unearned revenue reported in the government funds were as follows:

	<u>Unavailable</u>	<u>Unearned</u>
Note receivable (General Fund)	\$ 2,230,331	\$
Sales taxes receivable (General Fund)	1,397,867	
Property taxes receivable (General Fund)	5,278,000	
Property taxes receivable (Library Fund)	1,282,000	
Special assessments not yet due (General Fund)	1,753	-
Various prepayments received (General Fund)		123,957
Total deferred/unearned revenue for governmental funds	\$10,189,951	<u>\$123,957</u>

Notes Receivable

General Fund notes receivable include a \$2,230,331 third party promissory note for the sale of property known as the Sports Mall. The note has an interest rate of nine percent with monthly principal and interest payments of \$26,796. Under the note, the City will receive monthly installment payments through May 15, 2017 at which time all unpaid principal and interest become due.

MURRAY CITY CORPORATION

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2006

4. DETAILED NOTES FOR ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows (Balance June 30, 2005, is as reported in the prior year and the infrastructure additions are the prior period adjustments displayed on the Statement of Activities):

Governmental activities:	Balance June 30, 2005	Infrastruct Prior Perio Additions	od	Reductions	Balance June 30, _2006
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 9,944,263	3 \$	\$	\$	\$ 9,944,263
Construction in progress	3,748,79)		3.735,768	13.031
Total capital assets, not being					
depreciated	13,693,062	2		<u>3,735,768</u>	9,957,294
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	24,050,713	3			24,050,713
Improvements	15,121,303				15,121,305
Infrastructure	2,342,720		3,850,991		71,865,644
Machinery and equipment, etc.	9,86 9, 490		1,068,440	42,430	10,895,500
Furniture and fixtures	2,092,050		164,784		2,256,840
Total capital assets being depreciated	53,476,284			42,430	124,190,002
Less: accumulated depreciation				12(1,70	72 111701002
Buildings	6,187,796	·	603,229		6,791,025
Improvements	7,041,010		711,491		7,752,501
Infrastructure	166,03		1,773,913		43,362,169
Machinery and equipment	6,736,697		7 97,3 7 9.	42,430	7,491,646
Furniture and fixtures	1,419,717		246,182		1,665,899
Total accumulated depreciation	21,551,251			42,430	67,063,240
Total capital assets being			11152,127		07.005.240
depreciated, net	31.925.033	_24,249,708	952,021		<u>57,126,762</u>
Net governmental	21122010.7	21,217,700	752,021		<u></u>
capital assets	\$45,618,095	\$24,249,70 8	\$ 952 021	\$3,735,768	\$ 67,084,056
- up	<u>Ψ (Ε)(Θ / Ο)(Θ / Ε</u>	<u>\$21,217,700</u>	<u>Φ 732,021</u>	$\psi_{3,733,700}$	Ψ 07,004,030
•	Pagir	ning Balance	Imamaaaaa	D	Estina Dalama
Business-type activities:	Degii	ming Dalance	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	3,849,761	·	\$	¢ 2.040.761
Construction in progress	Þ	4,307,241	A 667 252		\$ 3,849,761
Total capital assets, not be depreciated		8,157,002	4.667.252	<u>799,240</u>	<u>8,175,253</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:	'	8,137,002	4,667,252	<u>799,240</u>	12.025.014
Buildings		5,507,056	279 020 -		E 005 076
Improvements other		3,307,030	378,020		5,885,076
than buildings	. 10	6, 792 ,777	2 600 602	222.474	100 157 006
Machinery and equipment		9,2 57 ,601	2,698,683 435,877	333,474·	109,157,986
Furniture and fixtures		4,272,666	•	831,413	8,862,065
a minute and manies		7.616,000	16,817	<u>158.659</u>	<u>4,130,824</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated	_125	,830,100	3,529,397	1,323,546	128,035,951

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES FOR ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)</u>

	Beginning Balance	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending Balance
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	3,469,013	206,494		3,675,507
Improvements other				
than buildings	49,182,811	3,443,419	8,295	52,617,935
Machinery and equipment	7,871,678	826,533	748 ,971	7,949,240
Furniture and fixtures	3,271,680	280,049	<u>155,562</u>	3,396,167
Total accumulated depreciation	63,795,182	4,756,495	912,828	67,638,849
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	<u>62,034,918</u>	(<u>1,227,098</u>)	410,718	60,397,102
Net business-type capital assets	\$ 70,191,920	<u>\$3,440,154</u>	<u>\$1,209,958</u>	<u>\$72,422,116</u>

In the government-wide financial statements depreciation was charged as follows by program or activity:

Governmental activities:

General government	\$ 508,066
Public safety	873,023
Highways and public improvements	1,773,913
Parks, recreation and public property	946,667
Library	30,525
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$4,132,194

Business-type activities:

Water	\$ 705,060
Wastewater	249,082
Power	3,605,610
Murray Parkway Recreation	<u>196,743</u>
Total depreciation expense - business type activities	\$4,756,495

Interfund Receivable, Payables and Transfers

At June 30, 2006, interfund balances due to or from other funds was as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General	Water Wastewater Central Garage Community Development Power Telecommunications	\$ 52,414 9,471 150,000 182,000 38,918 33,000
Waste Water Power	Water General	960 <u>17,851</u> \$484,614

4. DETAILED NOTES FOR ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

In addition to the above amounts which will be repaid by the respective funds, transfers were made which will not be repaid. Such amounts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 were as follows:

Fund Transferring Out	Fund Receiving Transfer	<u>Amount</u>
Water	General	\$ 432,418
Wastewater	General	277,467
Power	General	798,914
Murray Parkway Recreation	General	22,008
Cemetery Perpetual Care	General	45,000
General	Murray Parkway Recreation	512,000
		<u>\$2,087,807</u>

Investments in Joint Ventures

The City is a participant in several joint ventures listed below that generate financial resources through member assessments, surcharge taxes, or user fees. The City reflects its equity position (in the net resources of the joint ventures) in the funds which have the rights to such resources.

Trans-Jordan Cities The City has an approximate 9.32% ownership share in the Trans-Jordan Cities (the Association) joint enterprise. The City's equity in the net resources of the Association at June 30, 2006, is reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. The Association was organized in 1968 as a joint enterprise fund of the Cities of Sandy, Midvale, West Jordan, and Murray, Utah. The City of South Jordan, Utah joined the Association during fiscal year 1997. The cities of Draper and Riverton, Utah joined the Association during fiscal year 1998. The primary purpose of the Association is the operation, maintenance and control of a refuse dumping site east of Bingham Canyon in Salt Lake County. The City has no firm commitments to make additional equity investments in Trans-Jordan Cities.

The Association is governed by its Board of Directors. Under the organization agreement, the Board of Directors is composed of the Mayors, or their appointed representatives, of the participating cities. The Board of Directors appoints the management and staff of the Association and approves all financial matters such as the operating budget and usage fees.

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES FOR ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)</u>

Investments in Joint Ventures (Continued)

Separate audited financial statements for Trans-Jordan Cities may be obtained from Trans-Jordan Cities, Accounting Department at 10873 South 7200 West, South Jordan, UT 84095.

Central Valley Water Reclamation Facility The Waste Water Fund (an enterprise fund) has an approximate 5.6% ownership in the Central Valley Water Reclamation Facility (the Facility). The Facility, a separate legal entity and political subdivision of the State of Utah, was formed pursuant to the Utah Interlocal Co-operation Act. The Facility's membership consists of five special-purpose government entities and two cities. The Facility was formed to plan, construct and operate a regional sewage treatment facility for the benefit of the seven members. Members of the Facility are required to pay their proportionate share of monthly operating costs, construction costs and maintenance and administrative costs. The Facility is governed by its Board of Directors. Under the Organization Agreement, all seven members (one of whom is the City), are entitled to designate one of the Facility's seven directors. The City's share of operating, maintenance, administrative expenses and debt service amounted to \$966,519 in 2006. The Waste Water Fund made a net contribution of \$120,281 to the Facility in 2006 and recorded a \$646,403 loss on joint venture resulting in a net decrease in its investment in the Facility of \$526,122.

During 2005, the Facility issued \$30,500,000 of revenue bonds of a total of \$35,000,000 authorized. The City's share of the total obligation will be \$3,462,000 when all bonds are issued. The City is required to fund its proportionate share of debt service each year, which is included in the City's assessment from the Facility.

Separate compiled financial statements for Central Valley Water Reclamation Facility may be obtained from the Central Valley Water Reclamation Facility Accounting Department at 800 West Central Valley Road, Salt Lake City, UT 84119.

Interlocal Agreements

<u>Utah Associated Municipal Power System (UAMPS)</u> The Power Department is a member of the Utah Associated Municipal Power Systems (UAMPS). UAMPS, a joint action agency and political subdivision of the State of Utah, was formed by an Organization Agreement dated November 6, 1980, pursuant to the provisions of the Utah Interlocal Co-operation Act. UAMPS' membership consists of 34 municipalities, one joint action agency, one electric service district and one water conservancy district.

UAMPS is a legally separate entity, which possesses the ability to establish its own budget, incur debt, sue and be sued, and own and lease property. No other governmental units in Utah exercise significant control over UAMPS. As such, UAMPS is not a component unit as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board in their Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity".

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES FOR ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)</u>

UAMPS' purposes include planning, financing, developing, acquiring, constructing, improving, bettering, operating and maintaining of projects, or ownership interests or capacity rights therein, for the generation, transmission and distribution of electric energy for the benefit of its members.

As a member of UAMPS, the City has participated in various individual projects. The City acquired for \$45,662 an approximate five percent interest in the Hunter II power plant project. During the year ended June 30, 1990, the City acquired an approximate five percent entitlement in UAMPS' share of a transmission service project from Craig, Colorado to Mona, Utah (the Craig-Mona project) for \$1,805,428. The City acquired an additional 1.6 mega watts of plant capacity in the San Juan Generating Station Unit 4 for \$1,953,599 during 1994. These entitlement payments represent prepayment of future generation fees for the projects and are being amortized over the lives of the service contracts. The unamortized balance of prepaid generation and transmission fees at June 30, 2006 is \$2,350,513.

Under various power sales contracts, UAMPS' members are required to pay their proportionate share of all operation and maintenance expenses and debt service on the revenue bonds issued by UAMPS, and any other energy-related costs, as defined in the contract regardless of whether any power is supplied to the Power Fund. The City has no firm commitments to make additional equity investments in UAMPS or in any specified projects of AMPS.

Under the organization agreement, the four members with the greatest financial obligations to UAMPS, one of which is the City, are each entitled to designate one of UAMPS' directors. All other directors are selected from the representatives of the remaining UAMPS members.

Separate financial statements for UAMPS may be obtained from the Manager of Finance at 2825 East Cottonwood Parkway, Suite #200, Salt Lake City, UT 84121.

Valley Emergency Communications Center

The City is a member of the Valley Emergency Communications Center (the Center). The Center was organized June 30, 1988, as a joint enterprise between the City, Midvale City, Salt Lake County, Sandy City, South Jordan City, West Jordan City and West Valley City. The primary purpose of the Center is to fund and operate a communications center which handles communications and other services for the members, including police, fire, 911 service, dispatch and records services.

The Center is governed by a Board of Trustees consisting of one representative from each member appointed by the governing body thereof. The Center's activities are funded by a surcharge tax on telephones within each member's city and member assessments. The Board of Trustees sets assessments for all member agencies in amounts sufficient to provide the finds required by the annual budget. The Center determines the 911 assessments for the telephone users within the members' jurisdictions.

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES FOR ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)</u>

Separate audited financial statements for Valley Emergency Communications Center may be obtained from the Finance Director at 5360 South 5885 West, West Valley City, UT 84118.

<u>DEA - Metro Task Force</u> The City is a member and lead agency of the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) Metro Task Force (the Task Force). The Task Force is an interlocal co-operative organized to investigate and prosecute controlled substance offenders in the Salt Lake metropolitan area. The membership of the Task Force consists of sixteen Federal, State, County and Municipal law enforcement agencies. Activities of the Task Force are funded through federal and state grants, with no funds being provided by the participating members.

Separate audited financial statements for DEA-Metro Task Force may be obtained from Murray City Corporation, Office of Finance and Administration, 5025 South State Street, Murray, UT 84157-0520.

Capital Leases

The City has entered into lease agreements, as lessee, for financing the acquisition of equipment. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	Original Principal	Interest Rates
Pierce fire truck	\$398,258	3.474%
Phone system	359,883	3.474%
Garbage truck	154.883	3.4 74 %

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2006 were as follows:

Year	Totals
2007	\$196,273
2008	196,273
2009	1 96,2 73
2010	<u> 196,273</u>
Total minimum lease payments	785,092
Less amount representing interest	$(\underline{63,722})$
Present value of minimum lease payments	721,370
Amount due within one year	<u> 171,212</u>
Amount due after one year	<u>\$550,158</u>

Revenue Bonds

The City has issued bonds where the revenues and assets of the issuing fund are pledged as security for the bonds.

Under an agreement between the City and the Redevelopment Agency, the Redevelopment Agency will make all principal and interest payments on the Series 2002 sales tax bonds.

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES FOR ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)</u>

Revenue bonds outstanding at June 30, 2006 by issue are as follows: (in thousands)

Bond	Original	Annual	Interest	Final Due	
<u>Description</u>	<u>Issue</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Rates	<u>Date</u>	<u>Amount</u>
MBA Series 1997	\$ 6,890	\$360 to \$585	4.05% to 5.5%	12/1/12	\$ 3,055
Electric Series 2001	20,000	\$570 to \$1,540	4.0% to 5.75%	6/1/21	16,570
MBA Series 2001	9,790	\$330 to \$780	3.65% to 5.5%	12/1/21	8,755
Sales Tax Series 2002	1,865	\$20 to \$285	4.88%	4/1/15	1,780
Excise Tax Series 2003	3,000	\$210 to \$585	2.0% to 3.0%	9/1/09	1,920
Water and Sewer					
Series 2003	8,500	\$305 to \$2,340	2.0% to 5.25%	10/1/23	7,885
Electric Series 2004	9,300	\$305 to \$685	3.0% to 5.25%	6/1/25	<u>8,995</u>
	<u>\$59,345</u>				<u>\$48,960</u>

Revenue bond debt service requirements to maturity are as follows: (in thousands)

Year Ended _June 30	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Totals</u>
2007	\$2,770	\$2,266	\$5,036
2008	2,880	2,170	5,050
2009	3,170	2,063	5,233
2010	2,915	1,861	4,776
2011	2,810	1,818	4,628
2012-2016	14,000	7,164	21,164
2017-2021	17,085	3,730	20,815
2022-2025	<u>3,330</u>	<u>497</u>	3,827
Totals	<u>\$48,960</u>	\$21,569	\$70,529

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES FOR ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)</u>

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows: (in thousands)

	Beginning			Ending	Due in
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Governmental activities:					
Bonds payable:					
MBA lease revenue	\$12,545	\$	(\$ 735)	\$11,810	\$ 765
Sales tax	1,800		(20)	1,780	20
Excise tax	<u>2.465</u>		(<u>545</u>)	1,920	<u> 555</u>
Total bonds payable	16,810		(1,300)	15,510	1,340
Capital lease payable	713	180	(172)	721	171
Vacation payable	<u> 778</u>	<u>752</u>	(<u>701</u>)	<u>829</u>	<u>746</u>
Total governmental activity long-term					
liabilities	<u>\$18,301</u>	<u>\$ 932</u>	(<u>\$2,173</u>)	<u>\$17,060</u>	<u>\$2,257</u>
Business-type activities:	-				
Bonds payable:					
Revenue bonds	\$34,820	\$	(\$1,370)	\$33,450	\$1,430
Long-term debt	295		(95)	200	64
Vacation payable	<u>352</u>	<u>329</u>	(<u>325</u>)	<u>356</u>	320
Total business-type					
long-term liabilities	<u>\$35,467</u>	<u>\$ 329</u>	(<u>\$1,790</u>)	<u>\$34,006</u>	<u>\$1,814</u>

The Electric Series 2001 Revenue bonds trust indenture specifies a net revenue to debt service coverage ratio the Power Fund is required to maintain. The Power Fund met the debt service coverage requirement at June 30, 2006.

Other Information

Risk Management The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City's Retained Risk Reserve Fund (an internal service fund) accounts for and accumulates resources for uninsured loss. Under this program, the Retained Risk Reserve Fund (the Fund) provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$250,000 for each general liability claim. The City purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the Fund and for all other risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES FOR ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)</u>

<u>Contingent Liabilities</u> Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable fund. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City's counsel the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

The City is a participant of the Intermountain Power Agency (IPA), a separate legal entity established under the guidelines of the Utah Interlocal Co-operation Act. The IPA operates a power production plant near Delta, Utah for the benefit of its members. IPA has approximately \$5.1 billion of revenue bonds that are paid from the revenues received from participant charges. Under the terms of its original contract with IPA, the City is entitled and obligated to purchase four percent of the plant's power output. However, under a subsequent excess power sales agreement, the City transferred its power entitlement to certain California purchasers for the duration of the project unless the City recalls any or all of the entitlement. In recent years, the City sold most of its entitlement to the California purchasers. The City is liable for operating expenses and repayment of the outstanding bonds only in the event or a prolonged power outage (in excess of 24 months) and/or failure to perform under the agreement on the part of each of the California participants.

Commitments

The City entered into a Pledge and Loan Agreement with the Utah Telecommunications Open Infrastructure Agency (UTOPIA). UTOPIA is an interlocal cooperative created to finance, construct and operate a system of fiber optic communication lines in various cities in the state. UTOPIA would lease use of the fiber optic system to retail vendors of telephone, video and other digital services. The pledge commits the City to set aside and deposit funds as security in a debt service fund for the portion of the project related to the City. The maximum amount committed by the City was \$1,235,039 per year. Sales and use tax revenues have been pledged towards the payment of the City's share of the debt service reserve fund requirement, however, the pledge is junior to any previously pledged sales and use tax revenue. On July 1, 2007, the City will be required to deposit \$1,235,039 into the UTOPIA Series 2004 Bond Debt Service Reserve Fund. These funds will remain on deposit until the sooner of the bonds being retired or 20 years from July 1, 2007. The City will, if additional bonds are issued, be required to deposit additional funds into a bond debt service reserve fund. The timing of these additional pledged deposits depends on the timing of additional bond issues. These funds will remain on deposit until the sooner of the bonds being retired or 20 years from the date the City is required to pay the pledge into the debt service reserve fund.

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES FOR ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)</u>

Conduit Debt Obligations From time to time, the City has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds (IRBs) to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the City, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of June 30, 2006, there have been ten series of Industrial Revenue Bonds issued. The aggregate principal amount payable could not be determined; however, their original issue amounts totaled \$97.0 million.

Redevelopment Agency In connection with the activities of the Redevelopment Agency (RDA), incremental tax revenues totaling \$781,187 were generated. The RDA was not required to pay any portion of this revenue to other taxing agencies. There is no outstanding debt of the RDA at June 30, 2006.

During the year ended June 30, 2006, funds expended by the RDA were limited to the categories of debt service, capital outlay and administration costs. Administrative costs totaled \$369,476, capital outlay costs totaled \$230,607, and debt service payments totaled \$107,815 for the year.

Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans The City contributes to the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System, Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, Public Safety Retirement System for Employers with Social Security Coverage, and the Fire Fighters Retirement System for Employers without Social Security Coverage, (hereafter referred to cumulatively as the Systems) which are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Utah Retirement Systems (URS). The Systems provide retirement benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, death benefits, and refunds to plan members and beneficiaries in accordance with retirement statues.

The Systems are established and governed by the respective sections of Chapter 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1953, as amended. The Utah State Retirement Office Act in Chapter 49 provides for the administration of the Systems under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board (Board) whose members are appointed by the Governor. URS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Systems.

A copy of the report may be obtained by writing to the Utah Retirement Systems, 540 East 200 South, Salt Lake City, UT 84102 or by calling 1-800-365-8772.

4. DETAILED NOTES FOR ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Funding Policy Plan members in the Local Government Contributory Retirement System are required to contribute 6.00 percent of their annual covered salary (all or part may be paid by the employer for the employee), and the City is required to contribute 7.08 percent of its annual covered salary. In the Local Government Noncontributory Retirement System the City is required to contribute 11.09 percent of its annual covered salary. In the Public Safety Retirement System for employers with Social Security coverage, the City is required to contribute 19.34 percent of its annual covered salary for members in the noncontributory division. In the Fire Fighters Retirement System for employers without Social Security coverage plan members are required to contribute 8.61 percent of its annual covered salary (all or part may be paid by the employer for the employee) and the City has no contribution requirement. The contribution rates are the actuarially determined rates. The contribution requirements of the Systems are authorized by statute and specified by the Board.

The City's contributions in dollars to each of the Systems for the years ending June 30, 2006, 2005 and 2004, were equal to the required contributions for each year. The contribution amounts are as follows:

	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>
Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System	\$ 152,536	\$ 144,316	\$ 125,537
Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement system Public Safety Retirement System for	1,372,067	1,320,071	1,108,559
Employers with Social Security Coverage Fire Fighters Retirement System	659,370 221,296	630, 59 3 219, 7 69	505,303 197,945

<u>Deferred Compensation Plan</u> Under the URS, the City offers its employees a Deferred Compensation Plan (the Plan) in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The payment of deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or emergency. The City discontinued contributions to this plan in 2003.

Defined Contribution Plans The 401(k) plan provided by URS is a multiple-employer defined contribution plan. All employees of the City who participate in the URS contributory, noncontributory, or fire fighters system are eligible to participate in the plan. Employees are immediately 100 percent vested in their contributions to the plan. Employee contributions to the 401 (k) plan and the Deferred Compensation Plan are voluntary. Employer contributions are also voluntary and are intended to standardize the contribution rates for all full time employees participating in the URS. The City's contributions to the 401 (k) plan were \$690,021, \$665,456 and \$798,636 for the years ended June 30, 2006, 2004 and 2004, respectively.

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES FOR ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)</u>

In addition to the URS plans, the City also participates in a 401 (a) plan provided by International City Management Association, a multiple-employer defined contribution plan. Only elected or appointed employees of the City are eligible to participate in this plan. Employees are fully vested upon contribution to the plan. Currently, there are three employees who participate in the plan. The City contributes to the plan on behalf of the employee. Employees are not eligible to make contributions. The contribution requirement for the year ended June 30, 2006 was \$45,625.

In addition to the pension benefits described above, the City provides post-retirement health care benefits in accordance with City policy, to all employees who retire from the City upon completing the requirements for the retirement plan participated in as detailed above. Currently there are 20 retirees who meet those requirements. The City pays 25% of the retirees' health care insurance premiums with the remaining 75% paid by the retirees on a pay-as-you-go basis. This past employment benefit is available until the retiree reaches the age of 65 at which time they are no longer eligible to participate. Terminated employees under the COBRA act are allowed to purchase the same insurance policy at their own expense for a period of 18 months. The City paid \$52,866 in premiums for retirees during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

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·				Sp	ecial_l	Revenue Fund	ls				,	Capital Project Funds		Permanent Funds	Totals
Assets		Municipal Building Library Authority Fund		Redevelop- ment Agency Fund		Community Development Fund		Economic Development Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund		 Total 2006	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9 ,049	\$	203,781	\$	773,812	\$	625	\$	3,874	\$	7,650	\$	1,126,706	\$ 2,125,497
Receivables Due from other governments		_		_		_		199,600				_			199,600
Property taxes				1,282,000		-		-				-		_	1,282,000
Restricted cash				32,991		-		-		-		-		-	32,991
Restricted investments		1,379,774		•		-		•		-		-		-	1,379,774
Land held for resale		<u> </u>				20,000	_				_			<u> </u>	 20,000
Total assets	\$	1,388,823	<u>\$</u>	1,518,772	\$	793,812	\$	200,225	\$	3,874	\$	7,650	\$	1,126,706	\$ 5,039,862
Liabilities and Fund Balances															
Accounts payable	\$	•	\$	8,282	\$	250	\$	•	\$		\$		\$	(140)	\$ 8,392
Accrued liabilities		-		37,188		6,079		-		-		-		-	43,267
Deferred revenue		-		1,282,000		•				•		•		-	1,282,000
Due to other funds			_			<u> </u>	_	182,000							 182,000
Total liabilities		•		1,327,470		6,329		182,000			_	<u> </u>	_	(140)	 1,515,659
FUND BALANCES Reserved for land held for															
resale		-		-		20,000		-		•		-		-	20,000
Reserved for debt service		1,379,774				-		-		-		-		-	1,379,774
Reserved for working capital		•		32, 99 1		-		•		-		-		520,000	32,991 520,000
Reserved for perpetual care Unreserved		-		•		-		•		·		•		,	·
Undesignated		9,049		158,311		767,4 83		18,225		3,874		7,650		606,846	 1,571,438
Total fund balances		1,388,823		191,302		787,483		18,225		3,874	_	7,650		1,126,846	 3,524,203
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,388,823	\$	1,518,772	\$	793,812	\$	200,225	\$	3,874	\$	7,650	\$	1,126,706	\$ 5,039,862

Revenues	
Municipal Building Authority Library Agency Fund Fund Fund Projects	
Building Library Agency Development Fund Fund	Total
Taxes \$ - \$ 1,570,749 \$ 781,187 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$	re Total 2006
Intergovernmental	e 0.054.09C
Perpetual care fees 69,31 Fines and forfeitures	\$ 2,351 ,93 6
Fer pettal care less	. 89,446 16 69,316
Rental income	
Interest	35 ,88 1
Total revenues	1,314,000
Total revenues 1,315,160 1,637,876 813,932 76,212 - 970 112,900	
Expenditures	4,818
Library - 1,539,833	3,957,114
Library - 1,539,833	
Redevelopment - 369,476 -	1,539 ,833
Community development - - 68,546 - - Economic development - - 168,960 - - Capital outlay - 230,607 - - - Debt service -	369,476
Economic development 168,960	68,546
Capital outlay 230,607 Debt service	168,960
Debt service	230,607
	945,000
Interest and admin. charges 572,373 - 87,815	660,188
Total expenditures 1,307,373 1,539,833 707,898 68,546 168,960 190,000 -	3,982,610
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	
over (under) expenditures 7,787 98,043 106,034 7,666 (168,960) (189,030) 112,96	(25,496)
Other financing sources (uses)	
Operating transfers in	-
Operating transfers out	00) (45,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(45,000)
Net change in fund balances 7,787 98,043 106,034 7,666 (168,960) (189,030) 67,96	64 (70 ,496)
Fund balances at beginning of year 1,381,036 93,259 681,449 10,559 172,834 196,680 1,058,81	3,594,699
Fund balances at end of year \$ 1,388,823 \$ 191,302 \$ 787,483 \$ 18,225 \$ 3,874 \$ 7,650 \$ 1,126,8	46 \$ 3,524,203

Murray City Corporation Year ended June 30, 2006

Municipal Building Authority Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

	Budgeted Original	d Amounts Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Rental income	\$ 1,350,000	\$ 1,350,000	\$ 1,314,000	\$ (36,000)
Interest	4,000	4,000	1,160	(2,840)
Total revenues	1,354,000	1,354,000	1,315,160	(38,840)
Expenditures				
Miscellaneous	7,000	7,00 0	0	7,000
Debt service				
Principal	750,000	750,000	735, 000	15,000
Interest and admin. charges	597,000	597,000	572,373	24,627
Total expenditures	1,354,000	1,354,000	1,307,373	46,627
Net change in fund balance	-	-	7,787	7,787
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,381,036	1,381,036	1,381,036	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,381,036	\$ 1,381,036	\$ 1,388,823	\$ 7,787

Revenues	Budgeted Original	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Taxes	\$ 1,503,000	\$ 1,50 3,0 00	¢ 1.570.740	¢ 07.740	
Intergovernmental	18,000	3 1,50 5,0 00	\$ 1,570,749	\$ 67,749	
Fines and forfeitures	25,000	25,000	13,234 35,881	(4,766)	
Interest	3,000	3,0 00	13,194	10,881	
Miscellaneous	4,000	4,000	4,818	10,194 818	
Total revenues	1,553,000	1,553,000	1,637,876	84,876	
Expenditures			•		
Current				•	
Salaries and wages Building and equipment	861,600	861 ,60 0	866,969	(5,369)	
repairs and maintenance	295,600	295,600	299,628	(4,028)	
Books and periodicals	250,000	250,000	261,685	(4,028 <i>)</i> (11,685)	
Miscellaneous	145,800	145,800	111,551	34,249	
Total expenditures	1,553,000	1,553,000	1,539,833	13,167	
Net change in fund balance	-	-	98,043	98, 04 3	
Fund balance at beginning of year	93,259	93,259	93,259	-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 93,259	\$ 93,259	\$ 191,302	\$ 98,043	

Murray City Corporation Year ended June 30, 2006

Redevelopment Agency Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues		_		• (-,-•,•)		
Taxes	\$ 995,000	\$ 995,000	\$ 781,187	\$ (213,813)		
Interest	4,000	4,00 0	32,745	28,745		
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000		(1,000)		
Total revenues	1,000,000	1,000,000	813,932	(186,068)		
Expenditures						
Current						
Professional services	239,300	239,300	76,761	162,539		
Salaries and wages	103,800	103,800	110,518	(6,718)		
Miscellaneous	266,900	26 6,90 0	182,197	84,703		
Capital outlay	282,000	282,000	230,607	51, 39 3		
Debt service						
Principal	20,000	20,000	20,000	-		
Interest and admin. charges	88,000	88,000	87,815	185		
Total expenditures	1,000,000	1,000,000	707,898	292,102		
Net change in fund balance	-		106,034	106,034		
Fund balance at beginning of year	681,449	681,449	681,449	-		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 681,449	\$ 681,449	\$ 787,483	\$ 106,034		

Community Development Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$	741,200	\$	741,200	\$	76,212	\$	(664,988)	
Meigovenineritai	Ψ	141,200	Ψ_	741,200		10,212	<u> </u>	(004,300)	
Total revenues		741,200		741,200		76,212		(664,988)	
Expenditures									
Miscellaneous		741,200		741,200		68,546		672,654	
Total expenditures		741,200		741,200		68,546		672,654	
Net change in fund balance		-		-		7,666		7,666	
Fund balance at beginning of year		10,559		10,559		10,559			
Fund balance at end of year	\$	10,559	\$	10,559	\$	18,225	\$	7,666	

Murray City Corporation Year ended June 30, 2006

Economic Development Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

	Budgete Original	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues	\$ -		\$ -	\$	
Total revenues		·	<u>-</u>		
Expenditures Miscellaneous	175,000	175,000	168,960	6,040	
Total expenditures	175,000	175,000	168,960	6,040	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(175,000)	(175,000)	(168,960)	6,040	
Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers in	10,000	10,000		(10,000)	
Net change in fund balance	(165,000)	(165,000)	(168,960)	(3,960)	
Fund balance at beginning of year	172,834	172,834	172,834	-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 7,834	\$ 7,834	\$ 3,874	\$ (3,960)	

Murray City Corporation Year ended June 30, 2006

	Budgeted Original	i Amounts Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues Interest	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 970	\$ (30)	
Total revenues	1,000	1,000	970	(30)	
Expenditures Debt service Principal	190,000	190,000	190,000		
Total expenditures	190,000	190,000	190,000	-	
Net change in fund balance	(189,000)	(189,000)	(189,030)	(30)	
Fund balance at beginning of year	196,680	196,680	196,680		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 7,680	\$ 7,68 0	\$ 7,650	\$ (30)	

Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

	Budgete Original	d Amounts Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues Perpetual care fees Interest	\$ 40,000 25,000	\$ 40,000 25,000	\$ 69,316 43,648	\$ 29,316 18,648	
Total revenues	65,000	65,000	112,964	47,964	
Expenditures	<u> </u>				
Total expenditures				<u>-</u>	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	65,000	65,000	112,964	47,964	
Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers out	(45,000)	(45,000)	(45,000)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(45,000)	(45,000)	(45,000)		
Net change in fund balance	20,000	20,000	67,964	47,96 4	
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,058,882	1,058,882	1,058,882	·	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,078,882	\$ 1,078,882	\$ 1,126,846	\$ 47,964	

Murray City Corporation June 30, 2006

Assets	Central Garage Fund	Retained Risk Reserve Fund	Total 2006
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Inventories	\$ 1,414 118 43,686	\$ 818,060 - -	\$ 819,474 118 43,686
Total current assets	45,218	818,060	863,278
Property, plant, and equipment Machinery and equipment Less accumulated depreciation Net property, plant, and equipment Total assets	138,176 (71,826) 66,350	- - 81 8, 060	138,176 (71,826) 66,350 929,628
Liabilities and Net Assets			
Current liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$ 12,509 11,443 150,000	\$ - 200,000	\$ 12,509 211,443 150,000
Total current liabilities	173,952	2 00 ,000	373,952
Compensated absences	14,497		14,497
Total liabilities	188,449	200,000	388,449
Net assets Invested in capital assets Unrestricted	66,350 (143,231)	618,060	66,350 474,829
Total net assets	\$ (76,881)	\$ 618,060	\$ 541,179

Murray City Corporation Year ended June 30, 2006

Internal Service Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets

	Central Garage Fund	Retained Risk Reserve Fund	Total 2006
Operating revenues - charges for services	\$ 345,912	\$ 100,000	\$ 445,912
Operating expenses			
Depreciation and amortization	5,001	-	5,001
Garage	338,997	-	338 ,997
Self insurance claims	-	30,000	30 ,000
Legal services	<u> </u>	9,340	9,340
Total expenses	343,998	39,340	383,338
Operating income	1,914	6 0,6 60	62, 574
Nonoperating revenues			
Interest revenue		31,369	31,369
Change in net assets	1,914	9 2,0 29	93,943
Net assets - beginning of year	(78,795)	526,031	447,236
Net assets - end of year	\$ (76,881)	\$ 61 8,0 60	\$ 541,179

Murray City Corporation Year ended June 30, 2006

	Central Garage Fund	Retained Risk Reserve Fund	Total 2006
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$ 350,365 (54,019) (296,446)	\$ 100,000 (39,340)	\$ 450,365 (93,359) (296,446)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(100)	60,660	60,560
Cash flows used in capital and related financing activities Acquisition and construction of property plant, and equipment	(11,588)		(11,588)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(11,588)		(11,588)
Cash flows from investing activities Interest and dividends received		31,369	31,369
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		31,369	31,369
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(11,688)	92 ,029	80,341
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	13,102	726,031	739,133
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 1,4 14	\$ 818,060	\$ 8 19,47 4
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:			
Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net	\$ 1 ,914	\$ 60,660	\$ 62,574
cash provided by (used in) operating activities Depreciation and amortization	5,001	-	5,001
Changes in assets and liabilities Inventories	4,453	-	4,453
Accounts receivable	- (14,167)	-	(14,16 7)
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	1,440	-	1,440
Compensated absences	1,259		1,259_
Net cash provided (used) by	e (400\	\$ 60 ,660	\$ 60,560
operating activities	\$ (100)	\$ 60,660	Ψ 00,000

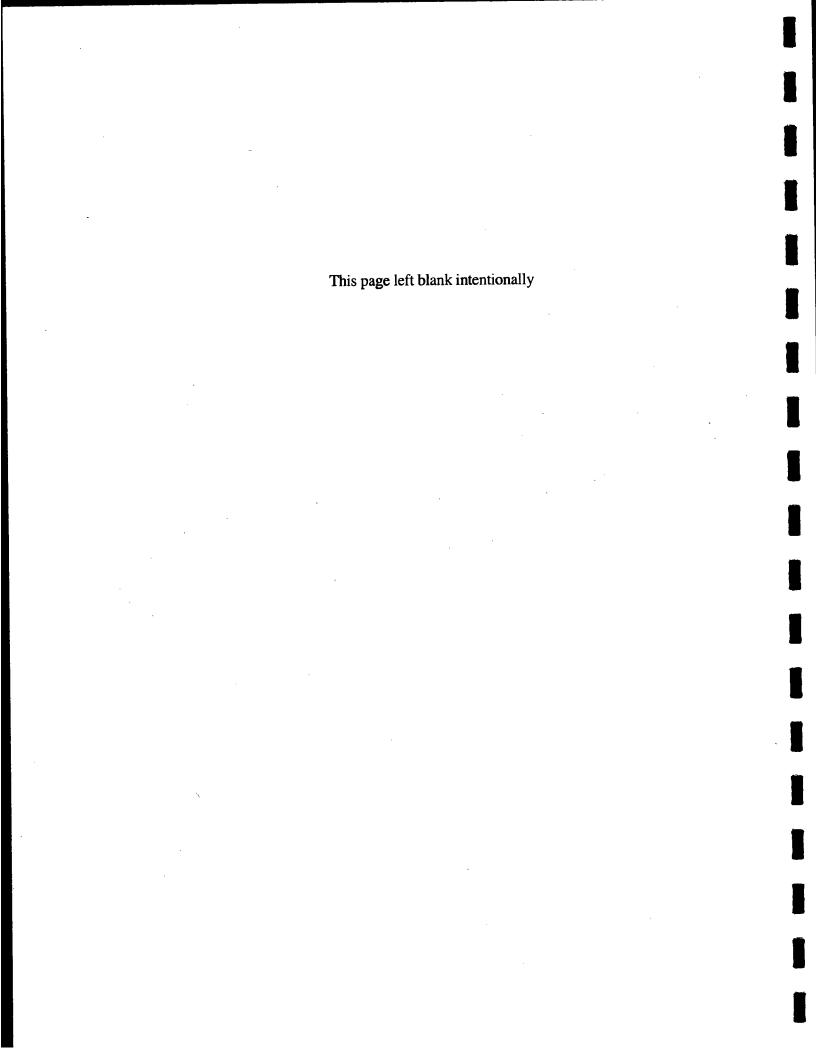
	Enterprise Funds							
ASSETS	Murray Parkway Recreation Fund	Solid Waste Management Fund	Tele- communications Fund	Total Non- Major Funds				
Current assets								
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Accounts	\$ 221,945	\$ 416,773	\$ 783	\$ 639,501				
Inventories	68,134	40,715 	-	40,715 68,1 34				
Total current assets	290,079	457,488	783	748,350				
Property, plant and equipment								
Land	326,336	-	-	326,336				
Buildings	797,534	-	-	797,534				
Improvements other than buildings	3,785,295	-	-	3,785,295				
Machinery and equipment	690,222	-	_	690,222				
Accumulated depreciation	(3,964,476)	-		(3,964,476)				
Net property, plant, and equipment	1,634,911			1,634,911				
Total assets	1,924,990	457,488	783	2,383,261				
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities								
Accounts payable	17,187	92	_	17,279				
Accrued liabilities	50,539	-	_	50,539				
Due to other funds	-	_	33,000	33,000				
Long-term debt - current portion	<u>-</u>	64,062		64,062				
Total current liabilities	67,726	64,154	33,000	164,880				
Noncurrent liabilities		•						
Compensated absences	31,612	-	-	31,612				
Long-term debt	<u> </u>	135,619		135,619				
Total noncurrent liabilities	31,612	135,619	<u> </u>	167,231				
Total liabilities	99,338	199,773	33,000	332,111				
NET ASSETS								
nvested in capital assets, net of debt	1,634,911	-	-	1,634,911				
Jnrestricted	190,741	257,715	(32,217)	416,239				
Total net assets	\$ 1,825,652	\$ 257,715	\$ (32,217)	\$ 2,051,150				

Non-Major Proprietary Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets

		Enterp	orise Funds		
	Murray Parkway Recreation Fund	Parkway Waste Recreation Management		Total Non- Major Funds	
Operating revenues Sales and charges for services Green fees Other	\$ 613,952 847,040 13,967	\$ 807,430 - -	\$ - - 278,100	\$ 1,421,382 847,040 292,067	
Total operating revenues	1,474,959	807,430	278,100	2,560,489	
Operating expenses Administration and general Depreciation and amortization Operations and maintenance Jordan River Parkway	521,225 196,743 226,736 453,139	- - 741,945 	- - - -	521,225 196,7 43 968,681 453,139	
Total operating expenses	1,397,843	741,945	-	2,139,788	
Operating income	77,1 16	65,485	278,100	420,701	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses) Interest revenue	4,262	2,202		6,464	
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	4,262	2,202	<u> </u>	6,464	
Income before transfers	81,378	67,687	278,100	427,165	
Transfers in Transfers out	512,000 (22,008)	-	-	512,000 (22,008)	
Change in net assets	571,370	67,687	278,100	917,157	
Net assets at beginning of year	1,254,282	190,028	(310,317)	1,133,993	
Net assets at end of year	\$ 1,8 25, 652	\$ 257,715	\$ (32,217)	\$ 2,051,150	

Non-Major Proprietary Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows

	 ······································		Ente	rprise	Funds	
Cash flows from operating activities	 Murray Parkway Recreation Fund		Solid Waste lanagement Fund	COI	Tele- mmunications Fund	 Total Non- Major Funds
Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$ 1,46 5,9 98 (441,947) (741,050)		809,256 (741,853) -	\$	278,100 - -	\$ 2,553,354 (1,183,800) (741,050)
Net cash provided by operating activities	 283,001		67,403		278,100	628,504
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds Advances to other funds	512,000 (22,008) (600,000)		<u>-</u> -		- - (278,000)	 512,000 (22,008) (878,000)
Net cash used in noncapital financing activities	 (110,008)	. <u></u>	<u> </u>		(278,000)	 (388,008)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Interest paid Acquisition of capital assets Principal payments on debt	- - (33,326)		- - (61,687)	,	- -	- (95.013)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	 (33,326)		(61,687)		<u> </u>	 (95,013) (95,013)
Cash flows from investing activites Interest and dividends received	 4,262		2,202			 6,464
Net cash provided by investing activities	 4,262		2,202			6,464
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	143,929		7,9 18		100	151,947
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	 78,016		408,855		683	 487,554
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 221,945	\$	416,773	\$	783	\$ 639,501
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities						
Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 77,116	\$	65,485	\$	278,100	\$ 420,701
Depreciation and amortization Changes in assets and liabilities Accounts receivable	196,743		-		-	196,743
Inventories Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Compensated absences	(8,961) 6, 639 7,833 3,631		1,826 - 92 - -		- - - -	1,826 (8,961) 6,731 7,833 3,631
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 283,001	\$	67,403	\$	278,100	\$ 628,504



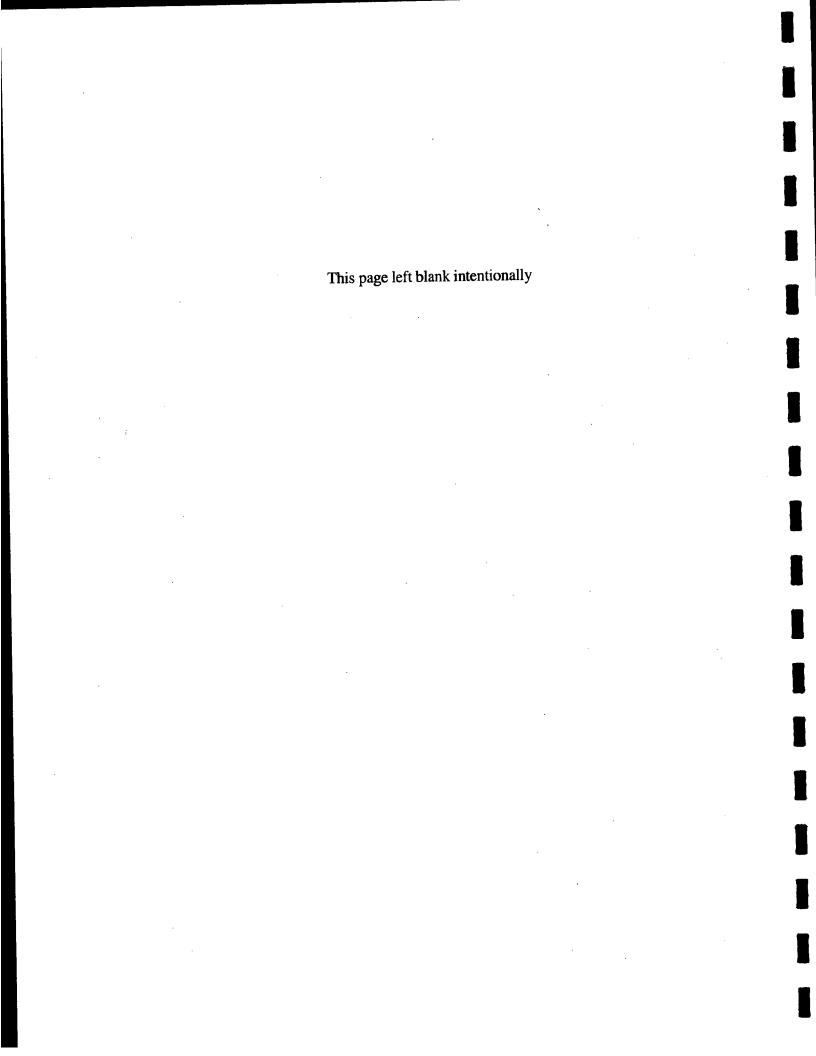
Murray City Corporation, Utah

Statistical Section

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents

- Financial Trends--these schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.
- Revenue Capacity—these schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.
- Debt Capacity—these schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.
- Demographic and Economic Information—these schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.
- Operating Information—these schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.



MURRAY CITY CORPORATION
Schedule 1

Net Assets by Component	Last Five Fiscal Years	(accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Governmental Activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$22,869,807 7,557,422 12,289,215	\$28,770,223 2,558,697 13,450,927	\$28,343,192 2,202,087 15,688,858	\$29,541,665 1,898,696	\$52,274,868
i okal governinental activities net assets	\$42,716,444	\$44,779,847	\$46,234,137	\$49,517,799	\$74,816,746
Business-type activities					
III Vested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted	\$49,286,673	\$53,545,182	\$49,573,548	\$39,193,479	£42 286 323
Unrestricted	2,121,200	2,155,287	4,282,936	314,066	314 OFE
Total business-type activities not seem	4,610,149	2,102,157	3,188,789	18,453,040	16 911 220
	820,810,0c¢	\$57,802,626	\$57,045,273	\$57,960,585	\$59,511,609
Primary Government					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted	\$72,156,480	\$82,315,405	\$77,916,740	\$68,735,144	\$94 561 191
Unrestricted	9,678,622	4,713,984	6,485,023	2,212,762	2 2 13 840
Total primary government not assots	16,899,364	15,553,084	18,877,647	36,530,478	37,553,324
	\$98,734,466	\$102,582,473	\$103,279,410	\$107,478,384	\$134,328,355

MURRAY CITY CORPORATION Schedule 2

Changes in Net Assets
Last Five Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

2002		\$4,065,105	12,416,912	4,748,122	3,348,204	1,128,403	2,225,452	652,990	\$28,585,188		\$37,517,554	3,249,238	2,641,355	1,961,230	178,304	641,874	\$46,189,555	\$74,774,743	
	Expenses Covermental Activities	Constant Account		Highways and public improvements	Darke recreation and public property	Library	Comminity and economic development	Interest on long-term debt	Total governmental activities expenses	Business-type activities	Dower	Market Market	Wastewater		Telecommunications	Color waste	Total business-time activities expenses	Total extension accomment expenses	lotal primary government expenses

6,556,539 1,468,358

6,083,456

14,387,079 7,430,318

> 13,8**77**,094 3,724,064

13,214,002 4,874,103

\$4,074,801

\$4,136,700 12,392,322 4,459,142

\$4,054,281

2005

Fiscal Year 2004 \$4,557,351

606,982 708,588

684,436 774,296

\$35,715,215

\$30,577,147

764,187

385,434

781,567

\$30,274,751

\$26,202,380

1,258,685 525,528

5,563,445

2,907,748

1,139,467

Capital grants and contributions Total governmental activities program revenues

\$7,711,241 369,624 1,365,688 \$9,446,553
23 (23)
\$6,135,776 307,046 1,612,653 \$8,055,475
\$5,552,891 210,603 1,740,930 \$7,504,424
\$5,836,058 184,101 1,615,985 \$7,636,144

\$41,600,265 \$77,315,480

\$70,237,252

\$39,555,239 \$69,829,990

\$38,974,598 \$65,176,978

741,945

682,874 \$39,660,105

213,443

1,012,461

3,662,740 3,403,524 1,397,843

\$32,394,213

\$30,428,215

\$30,183,419

\$30,596,620 3,368,046 2,925,598 1,570,162 214,648

3,752,221

3,032,725

2,945,314 1,448,381

1,469,321

4,046,970

Business-type activities Charges for services	2002	2003	2004	2005	<u>2006</u>
Power	\$29,418,522	\$32,331,530	\$29,040.954	\$28 963 206	420 004 184
Water	3,196,993	3,663,390	4,592,803	5,082,931	5.105.574
Masewater	2,514,964	3,058,672	3,250,041	3,887,480	3.256.781
Tologomannia di santano	1,492,402	1,584,819	1,346,824	1,344,921	1.474.959
	0	0	24,076	272,002	278,100
Solid Waste	299,003	307,520	798,893	813,042	807.430
Capital grants and contributions	785,901	81,570	•		9
lotal pusiness-type activities program revenues	\$37,707,785	\$41,027,501	\$39,053,591	\$40.363.582	\$40 827 028
local primary government program revenues	\$45,343,929	\$48,531,925	\$47,109,066	\$49,810,135	\$48.723.866
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental Activities	(\$20.949.044)	(\$18 697 956)	(\$70 010 076)	(\$94.420 ED4)	

(\$27,818,377)	(\$28,591,614)
(\$21,130,594)	(\$20,427,117)
(\$22,219,276) (501,648)	(\$22,720,924)
(\$18,697,956) 2,052, 90 3	(\$16,645,053)
(\$20,949,044) (8,481,770)	(\$29,430,814)

Total primary government net expense

Business-type activities

Changes in Net Assets Governmental Activities Business-type activities Total primary government

\$2.600 263	\$4,198,974	\$696,937	\$3,848,007	(\$8/,021,014)
1,551,024	915,312	(757,353)	1,784,604	(8,633,729)
\$1.049.239	\$3,283,662	\$1,454,290	\$2,063,403	(\$1,492,060)
\$31,191,877	\$24,626,091	\$23,417,861	\$20,493,060	\$19,305,025
2,324,261	211,835	(255,705)	(268,299)	(608,TCT)
(1,018,807)	(209,000)	(451,300)	(445,000)	(3/3,000)
2,558,097	51,458	0	0	0
784,971	369,377	195,595	176,701	423,041
28,867,616	24,414,256	23,673,566	20,761,359	19,456,984
1,018,807	209,000	451,300	445,000	000'6/6
202,229	203,347	492,487	205,432	297,722
115,434	126,981	87,909	134,127	(1,127,587)
726.690	463,925	433,704	448,815	106,160
15,115,383	13,676,733	12,952,157	11,795,500	19,221,897
3,172,563	2,933,072	2,140,507	7,025,047	545,747 100,000
\$8,516,510	\$6,801,198	\$7,115,502	35,707,438	807,080,04

MURRAY CITY CORPORATION Schedule 3 Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year

!	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	<u>2006</u>
Seneral Fund Reserved	\$109	\$72	\$72 3.595	\$76 3.901	\$79 4,143	\$600	\$184 4,145	\$1,580 4,032	\$1,745 6,233	\$1,280 7,781
Total General Fund	\$3,644	\$3,884	\$3,667	\$3,977	\$4,222	\$6,473	\$4,329	\$5,612	\$7,978	\$9,061
NI other governmental funds Reserved	\$434	\$1,484	\$1,498	\$1,907	\$1,559	\$2,548	\$2,149	\$1,949	\$1,978	\$1,952
Unreserved, reported in Capital projects funds Special revenue funds	685 1,564	266 1,565	52 1,296	106 892	168 2,027	3,145	102 1,324 0	614 1,108 0	197 1,420 0	8 1,564 0
Debt service funds Fotal all other governmental funds	\$3,067	\$3,315	\$2,846	\$2,905	\$3,754	\$5,869	\$3,575	\$3,671	\$3,595	\$3,524

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Murray City Corporation
Schedule 4
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)
(amounts expressed in thousands)

				ш	Fiscal Year					
•	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Revenues	٠					304	000000	¢22 027		\$25,247
Toyee and enemial seesesments	516.744	\$17.614	\$18,411		\$20,090	COC, L7\$	370,220	422,037		
יייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי	673	990	857		905	802	1,052	1,025		1,449
Licenses and permits		7	4 530		3 826	2.081	1.952	1,920		1,948
Intergovernmental	202,1	† 66 6.			690	1 202	1.365	1.586		1,985
Charges for services	186	088 0	649		106	1 475	1 842	2 150		2,300
Fines and forfeitures	255	248	348		90,) - -	7 1	90.1		1 314
Dante and concessions	0	158	772		772	157	/4/	000,		
Miscellandons	266	288	283	321	354	298	205	492	203	202
	514	471	648		723	651	439	434		171
	20.638	22,283	23,598		28,697	28,771	27,830	31,504	34,969	35,172
Expenditures		9	0	2 262	2 2 2 8	2,679	4.128	4.478	5,075	5,105
General government	2,360	2,440	200,0	207'0	0,020,0		0 7 6 7	12.060	12013	14 624
Dublic esfety	9.587	9,030	9,662	10,297	11,669	12,580	72,180	2,300	26.5	101
Lithing and with improvements	4 654	5.052	5.502	5,510	5,053	4,700	4,884	7,490	4,809	\$ (a)
	2 015	3 030	2 434	3,457	3.750	3,514	5,417	4,895	5,525	5,621
Parks, recreation & public property	61.6.7	70,00	200	8	1 080	1,230	1.242	1,362	1,514	1,540
Library	7/9	\$7)	200	3	77	204	249	258	201	237
Community & economic development	295	262	249	9	4 6	4 6	125	267	477	369
Redevelopment	<u>8</u>	247	, 528°	508	319	501	500	707	. ^	231
Capital outlay	1,331	6,672	408	147	1,238	9,684	2,805	25	•	-
Debt service		,		ŀ	6	705	787	935	1.260	1.300
Principal	295	310	999	CC/	3	96	8	745	772	713
tagract -	186	348	400	90e	260	909		(4)	7.0	2
Dond ice parce coets	0	0	0	0	0	207	0	0		
Total expenditures	22,656	29,015	24,681	24,997	27,544	37,753	32,402	33,543	33,553	35,4/4
						•				
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,018)	(6,732)	(1,083)	236	1,153	(8,982)	(4,572)	(2,039)	1,416	(302)

0 180 1,576 (557)	1,314	\$1,012	90.9
0 733 245 (245) 141	874	\$2,290	6.45%
3,000 0 25 (25) 418	3,418	\$1,379	5.30%
0 0 560 (560) 134	134	(\$4,438)	4.82%
11,655 0 1,180 (1,060) 173	11,948	\$2,966	5.30%
0 200 (25) 113	288	\$1,441	4.20%
0 0 215 (50) 88	253	\$489	4.46%
0 215 (50) 353	518	(\$965)	6.09%
6,890 0 2,075 (1,911) 2,328 (2,283)	7,099	\$367	3.03%
0 0 865 (719) 211	35/	(\$1,661)	2.31%
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from borrowing Capital lease financing Transfers in Transfers out Sale of fixed assets Advance refunding		Net change in fund balances	Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures

Murray City Corporation Schedule 5 Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
4007	\$1,573,017,986	\$1.26	\$1,790,000,000	87.9%
1997	1,737,801,405	1.29	2,140,000,000	81.2%
1998	•	1.20	2,230,000,000	81.3%
1999	1,808,983,965 1,879,439,211	1.23	2,320,000,000	81.0%
2000	• •	1.36	2,460,000,000	81.1%
2001	1,995,381,842	1.54	2,820,000,000	75.9%
2002	2,140,558,277	1.49	2,870,000,000	78.1%
2003	2,240,713,841	1.51	3,578,000,000	74.0%
2004	2,646,945,401		3,720,000,000	74.2%
2005	2,759,982,137	1.50		74.1%
2006	2,862,401,216	1.45	3,863,000,000	14.170

Source: Salt Lake County Auditor's Office

Note: All property in Salt Lake County is assessed annually. All property is assessed at it's fair market value with a 45% reduction in fair market value allowed for primary residential property. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

Murray City Corporation Schedule 6 Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal years (rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

	City Direct Rate			Overlappin	ng Rates	
Fiscal Year	Total Murray City Direct	Murray School District	Murray City Library	Salt Lake County	Mosquito Abatement District	Central Utah Water Conservation
1997	\$ 1.26	\$5.49	\$0.44	\$4 .10	\$0 .01	\$0.34
1998	1.29	5.20	0.42	4.16	0.01	0.40
1999	1.20	5.12	0.42	3.41	0.01	0.40
2000	1.23	5.20	0.43	3.87	0.01	0.40
2001	1.36	5.14	0.40	2.91	0.01	0.39
2002	1.54	5. 88	0.39	2.03	0.01	0.40
2003	1.49	6.47	0.38	2.94	0.02	0.40
2004	1.51	6.51	0.38	2.87	0.03	0.36
2005	1.50	6.64	0.51	2.82	0.03	0.35
2006	1.45	6.53	0.49	2.68	0.03	0.40

Source: Salt Lake County

Murray City Corporation Schedule 7

Principal Sales Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2006			<u> 1997</u>	
			Percentage of Total	Salas Tay		Percentage of Total City
	Sales Tax		City	Sales Tax	Book	Sales Taxes
Taxpayer	Collections	Rank	Sales Taxes	Collections	Rank	Sales Taxes
Warehouse Srore	\$1,226,562	1	7.52%			
Furniture Store	759,349	2	4.66%	\$555,398	1	4.36%
Toyota Dealer	550,606	3	3.38%	320,313	6	2.52%
Clothing Store	476,728	4	2.92%	448,026	3	3.52%
Warehouse Store	473,951	5	2.91%	424,622	4	3.33%
Chevrolet Dealer	457,410	6	2.80%	292,873	8	2.30%
Honda Dealer	437,587	7	2.68%	180,339	10	1.42%
BMW Dealer	431,937	8	2.65%	175,580	11	1.38%
Lexus Dealer	337,045	9	2.07%	136,914	15	1.08%
Electronics Store	323,182	10	1.98%			
Telecommucations	318,695	11	1.95%			4000 00 00
Ford Dealer	307,904	12	1.89%	312,753	7	2.46%
Department Store	294,540	13	1.81%	335,950	5	2.64%
Buliding Materials	293,919	14	1.80%	266,432	9	2.09%
Heavy Equipment	286,375	15	1.76%	155,246	14	1.22%
Nissan Dealer	279,696	16	1.71%	164,482	13	1.29%
Department Store	260,021	17	1.59%	520,418	. 2	4.09%
Municipality	240,641	18	1.48%	173,891	12	1.37%
	\$7,756,148		47.55%	\$4,463,237		35.05%

Source: Utah State Tax Commission

Murray City Corporation Schedule 8 Porperty Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal years

Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied	Collected wit		Delinquent	Total Collectio	ns to Date
Ending June 30,	for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of levy	Tax Collections	Amount	Percentage of Levy
1 9 97	\$2,045,556	\$1,997,432	97.65%	\$82,294	\$2,079,726	101.67%
1998	2,166,776	2,095,334	96.70%	59,716	2,155,050	99.46%
1999	2,247,357	2,099,550	93.42%	65,898	2,165,448	96.36%
2000	2,347,319	2,267,083	96.58%	79,773	2,346,856	99.98%
2001	2,803,216	2,720,974	97.07%	68,077	2,789,051	99.49%
2002	3,339,529	3,236,133	96.90%	56,414	3,292,547	98.59%
2003	3,370,383	3,266,544	96.92%	82,203	3,348,747	99.36%
2004	4,050,520	3,895,765	96.18%	75,424	3,971,189	98.04%
2005	4,213,642	4,131,312	98.05%	122,950	4,254,262	100.96%
2006	4,252,740	4,125,737	97.01%	111,516	4,237,253	99. 64 %

Source: Salt Lake County Treasurer

Murray City Corporation Schedule 9 Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Governmenta	Activities	Business-type	Activities		Dancontono	*
Year Ending June 30	Revenue Bonds	Capital Leases	Revenue Bonds	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal income	Per Capita
1997	\$1,680,000	\$0	\$6,750,000	\$0	\$8,430,000	1.12%	\$ 261
1997	8,280,000	ő	4,305,000	0	12,585,000	1.55%	383
-	7.286,000	ő	3,555,000	0	10,841,000	1.26%	324
1999	6,531,000	Ö	2,750,000	Ō	9,281,000	0.74%	204
2000		Ö	20,000,000	0	25,731,000	1.95%	565
2001	5,731,000	0	19,430,000	126,000		2.72%	798
2002	16,590,000	0	18,755,000	98,000		2.62%	781
2003	16,005,000	. 0	26,555,000	387,000		3.22%	1,010
2004	18,070,000	_	34,820,000	290,000		3.59%	1,184
2005 2006	16,810,000 15,510,000	713,000 543,000	33,450,000	200,000			1,121

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Murray City Corporation Schedule 10 Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2006

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes			
Murray City School District Salt Lake County General Obligation Debt	\$26,785,099 188,716,172	100.00% 4.96%	\$26,520,000 9,360,322
Other debt	•		,
Salt Lake County Sales Tax Bonds	90,435,746	4.96%	4,485,613
Salt Lake County Lease Revenue Bonds	63,875,245	4.96%	3,168,212
Salt Lake County Capital Leases Salt Lake County Notes Payable	2,8 45,25 0 1,0 80, 000	4. 96% 4.96% ₋	141,124 53,568
Subtotal, overlapping debt			43,728,840
City direct debt		-	16,053,000
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$59,781,840

Source: Debt outstanding data obtained from Comprehensive Annuual Financial Report of the governmental unit.

Note: The percentage of overlapping debt is based upon population.

Murray City Corporation Schedule 11 Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands of dollars)

					Fiscal Year	_	-	-		
•	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Debt limit	\$143,200 \$171,	\$171,200	\$178,400	\$178,400 \$185,600 \$196,800 \$225,600	\$196,800	\$225,600	\$229,600	\$229,600 \$286,240 \$297,600	\$297,600	\$309,040
Total net debt applicable to limit	6,215	3,286	2,536	1,731	18,366	19,661	18,977	29,739	39,085	48,960
Legal debt margin	\$136,985	\$167,914	\$175,864	\$183,869	\$178,434	\$136,985 \$167,914 \$175,864 \$183,869 \$178,434 \$205,939 \$210,623	\$210,623	\$256,501	\$258,515	\$260,080
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	4.34%	1.92%	1.42%	0.93%	9.33%	8.71%	8.27%	10.39%	13.13%	15.84%
The bonded debt of the City is limited by statute to 8% of the "reasonable fair cash value"	ited by statuf	e to 8% of t	he "reason	able fair cas	h value"	Legal Deb	t Margin Ca	ilculation f	Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2006	ar 2006
or property.						Total reaso	Total reasonable fair cash value	ash value	1	\$3,863,000
						Debt limit (Debt limit (8% of fair cash value) Debt applicable to debt limit:	ash value) t limit:	ı	309,040 48,960
						Legal debt margin	margin			\$260,080

Murray City Corporation Schedule 12 Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

d 2004 Electric Revenue I	Bonds
2 ∠UU4 EIECTIC KEVENUE I	Bona

	(1)	(2) Less	Net			
Fiscal	Utility	Utility	Available	Debt	Service	
Year	Revenues	Expenses	Revenues	Princical	Interest	Coverage
1997	\$ 21,4 57, 357	\$16,879,624	\$4,577,733	\$660,000	\$386,848	4.37
1998	21,400,720	17,653,807	3,746,913	710,000	343,948	3.56
1999	23,390,111	17,507,937	5,882,174	750,000	297,088	5.62
2000	23,475,471	18,981,880	4,493,591	805,000	246,838	4.27
2001	23,453,257	24,170,134	(716,877)	0	366,063	(1.96)
2002	29,865,308	32,086,704	(2,221,396)	570,000	1,073,620	(1.35)
2003	32,505,637	25, 863 ,361	6,642,276	675,000	958,300	4.07
2004	29,174,680	25,364,029	3,810,651	700,000	931,300	2.34
2005	29,276,312	25,246,377	4,029,935	730,000	1,138,221	2.16
2006	32,957,429	27,534,067	5,423,362	1,060,000	1,276,823	2.32
-		2003 Water and	d Sewer Revent	ue Bonds		
2004	\$ 7,904 , 276	\$4,865,702	\$3,038,574	\$0	\$161,331	18.83
2005	9,075,720	4,799,802	\$4,275,918	305,000	346,825	6.56
2006	8,645,714	5,112,252	\$3,533,462	310,000	340,675	5.43
		2003 Excise Ta	x Road Revenu	e Bonds		
			_			
2004	\$1,545,963	\$0	\$1,545,963	\$ 0	\$34,688	44.57
2005	1,200,096	0	\$1,200,096	535,000	64,025	2.00
2006	1,415,168	0	\$1,415,168	545,000	53,225	2.37

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ Revenues include operating and nonoperating revunues.

⁽²⁾ Expenses exclusive of depreciation, amortization, loss in joint venture, interest expense and in lieu of tax transfers.

Murray City Corporation Schedule 13 **Demographic and Economic Statistics** Last Ten Calendar Years

Year	Population (1)	Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income (2)	Unemployment Rates (3)
		0700 005 000	6 24 020	3.0%
1996	32,071	\$7 03,605,669	\$21,939	0.0.0
1997	32,335	752,952,810	23,286	2.7%
1998	32,898	809,422,392	24,604	3.4%
1999	33,461	857,136,976	25,616	3.4%
2000	45,391	1,256,150,534	27,674	3.0%
2001	45,565	1,317,511,975	28,915	4.3%
2002	45,315	1,329,949,935	29,349	6.3%
2003	44,621	1,331,401,398	29,838	5.7%
2004	44,555	1,397,467,575	31,365	4.8%
2005	44,453	1,466,193,299	32,983	4.7%

(1) United States Census Bureau for Murray City.

⁽²⁾ U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis for Salt Lake County.

⁽³⁾ Utah Department of Workforce Services for Salt Lake County.

Murray City Corporation Schedule 14 Principal Employers As of June 30, 2006

Employer	I Industry	Employees	Rank
Cottonwood Hospital	Health Care	1,800	1
Murray City Corporation	Local Government	941	2
Murray City School District	Public Education	815	3
The University of Phoenix	Higher Education	503	4
Securitas Security Services	Security Services	400	5
3M Health Information Systems	Data Processing Services	377	6
Nordstrom, Inc	Department Store	331	7
Workers Compensation Fund	Insurance	324	8
Dillard's	Department Store	259	9
Sears, Roebuck and Company	Department Store	233	10

Note: Principal Employers for prior years is not available.

Murray City Corporation Schedule 15 Full Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Full T	ime Ed	uivale	nt Em	ploy e e	s as o	f June	30	
	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>
Function										
General Government	50	57	56	54	58	62	66	66	68	66
Police Officers	61	61	61	66	67	67	70	72	75	75 47
Civilians	13	15	15	15	17	17	17	17	17	17
Fire Firefighters	38	40	40			50	50		50	50
Civilians	2	2 38	2 38			2 38	2 38		2 40	2 42
Highways & Public Improvements Parks, Recreation & Public Property	34 30	30		29	31	31	34	34	34	34
Library	9 4	10 4	_					_		
Community & Economic Development Fleet	6	-		7	7	6	6			
Power	52 14							_		
Water Wastewater	8	9	11	11	10	10	9			
Golf Course	9	9	10	10) 10	9	9	9	9	9
Total Full Time Equivalent Employees	330	353	358	359	381	383	389	394	395	394
Seasonal Employees	314	312	291	311	330	397	507	559	578	547
Totat Employees	644	665	649	670	711	780	896	953	973	941

Murray City Corporation Schedule 16 Operating Indicators By Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Fiscal Year	Year						
	1997	1998	1999		2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	
Function/Program										9007	
Police											
Physical arrests	I	2,075	3,200	2.697	3 497	2 854	2 500				
rame citations Fire	1	I	1	1		2	3,328 7,746	4,318 11,429	4,563 13,588	42,06 0 11,959	
Fire calls	945	807	916	1.020	1 113	1 140	7				
Medical calls Inspections	2,426		2,511	2,730		3,489	3.473	1,030 3 141	1,086	1,261	
Parks and recreation	000.	1,008	912	905	282	1,144	1,310	1,266	1,132	3,456 1,176	
Park Center admissions	0	0	-	•	•		:				
Recreation participants Library	11,890	11,931	11,082	11,686	11,436	2,522 12,100	18,539 13,653	30,317 14,873	32,074 15,581	34,000	
Volumes in collection	84 161	80 516	709 97	6					•	2,00	
Total volumes borrowed Water	273,189	281,147	76,697 266,022	73,406 262,974	84,344 265,084	81,715 294,418	82,335 307,901	82,602 340,622	81,643 352,306	85,861 339,282	
Customers	8,721	8.850	8 853	0 0	770		1			707,000	
Annual consumption (in			800	too's	9,0/8	9,229	9,310	9,356	9,304	9,456	
millions of gallions) Sewer	3,459	3,367	3,397	3,131	2,974	2,836	2,729	2,711	3,234	2.750	
Customers Power	8,219	8,700	8,704	8,561	8,598	8,627	8,722	8,784	8.817	8 053	
Customers Peak demand (CAA)	15,787	15,760	15,771	16,213	15,904	15,938	15,999	16.087	16 113	9 6	
Internal generation (MWH)	10,483	78,526 11,548	80,532 12,536	82,320 9,608	89,040 14,616	89,980	93,150	98,300	93,310	98,560 98,560	
ruichased power (MWH)	330,962	332,690	329,841	361,098	368,396	305,859	331,056	42,411 397,312	25,729 369,312	27,655 383,825	

Murray City Corporation Schedule 17 Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Fiscal Year	Year					
•	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	9007
Function/Program							٠			
Police Stations Patrol units Fire stations	35 3	- 8 8 8	39 T	36 3	36	36	36	- 8g c	38 2	- 38 38
Public works Streets (miles) Streetights	135 2,327	135 2,333	135 2,355	136 2,361	136 2,370	136 2,385	142 2,409	142 2,454	143 2,458	143 2,489
Parks and recreation Acreage Parks Golf courses	421 9 2	124 9 2	124 9 2	149 9 2	64 6 0	149 10 0	259 10 2 1	259 10 2	259 10 2	259 10 2
Water mains (miles)	138	138	139	139	174	176	176	177	178	178
Wastewater Sanitary sewers (miles)	82	85	82	8	113	121	123	124	125	125
Power Generators Substations	w 4	w 4	w 4	e 4	w 4	44	4 4	4 4	4 4	4 4

COMPLIANCE SECTION

Hansen, Bradshaw, Malmrose & Erickson

A Professional Corporation
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

559 West 500 South Bountiful, Utah 84010 801-296-0200 Fax 801-296-1218

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Murray City Corporation, Utah

We have audited the basic financial statements of Murray City Corporation, Utah (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated November 8, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that we have reported to management of the City in a separate letter dated November 8, 2006.

Lynn Hansen, CPA Clarke R. Bradshaw, CPA Gary E. Malmrose, CPA dwin L. Erickson, CPA lichael L. Smith, CPA

Jason L. Tanner, CPA Bobert D. Wood, CPA

Members of the American Institute Certified Public countants

Members of the rivate Company ractice Section

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the City Council and others within the organization and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Hansen, Bradshow, Malmrose & Erickson, P.C.

November 8, 2006

Hansen, Bradshaw, Malmrose & Erickson

A Professional Corporation
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559 West 500 South Bountiful, Utah 84010 801-296-0200 Fax 801-296-1218

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS ON STATE OF UTAH STATE LEGAL COMPLIANCE BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Murray City Corporation, Utah

We have audited the basic financial statements of Murray City Corporation, Utah (the City) for the year ended June 30, 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated November 8, 2006. As part of our audit, we have audited the City's compliance with the requirements governing types of services allowed or unallowed; eligibility; reporting; special tests and provisions applicable to each of its major State assistance programs as required by the State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide for the year ended June 30, 2006. The City received the following major State assistance programs from the State of Utah:

B & C Road Funds (Department of Transportation) Liquor Law Enforcement (State Tax Commission)

Our audit also included testwork on the City's compliance with those general compliance requirements identified in the State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide, including:

Cash Management
Budgetary Compliance
Truth in Taxation and Property
Tax Limitation
Liquor Law Enforcement
Public Debt

B & C Road Funds Other Compliance Requirements Impact Fees Uniform Building Code Standards Purchasing Requirements

The management of the City is responsible for the City's compliance with all compliance requirements identified above. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance with those requirements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the requirements referred to above occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The results of our audit procedures disclosed immaterial instances of noncompliance with the requirements referred to above, which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We considered these instances of noncompliance in forming our opinion on compliance, which is expressed in the following paragraph.

In our opinion, Murray City Corporation, Utah, complied, in all material respects, with the general compliance requirements identified above and the requirements governing types of services allowed or unallowed; eligibility; reporting; and special tests and provisions that are applicable to each of its major State assistance programs for the year ended June 30, 2006.

Hansen, Bradshaw, Malmrose & Erickson, P.C.

November 8, 2006

MURRAY CITY CORPORATION Schedule of Findings Year Ended June 30, 2006

Requirement/Program

Current Year Findings

1. Fund Balance

Finding: Unreserved fund balance in the General Fund can be up to 18% of the budgeted revenues of the fund. At June 30, 2006, unreserved fund balance is 21.7% of 2006-2007 budgeted revenues.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The City should amend the current year budget as necessary and appropriate the excess fund balance.

Management's Response: The City will appropriate the excess fund balance in the fiscal year 2007 budget.

2. Justice Court

<u>Finding</u>: State law requires the State Surcharge report be filed by the 10th of each month. In nine of the twelve months, the report and related funds were filed late.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend the Court Clerk generate the report timely and request a hand write check, if needed, from accounting in order to ensure the report is filed timely.

Management's Response: The Justice Court will generate the required reports and make the appropriate payments by the 10th of each month.

3. Deficit Fund Balance

Finding: Under State law, deficit fund balances in any fund are illegal. We noted deficit fund balances in the Central Garage Internal Service Fund of \$76,885 and \$32,217 in the Telecommunications Fund, as of June 30, 2006. This deficit resulted in the City's noncompliance with State of Utah fund balance requirements.

Recommendation: We recommend management review the budget of these funds and take appropriate action to eliminate these deficit fund balances in accordance with State of Utah legal compliance guidelines.

<u>Management's Response</u>: The City will make the appropriate revenue adjustments to eliminate the deficit fund balances in the next fiscal year.

MURRAY CITY CORPORATION Continuing Disclosure-Impact Fee Collection and Use for Enterprise Funds Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2006

Revenues:

Water impact fees	\$ 185,518.28
Waste water impact fees	\$ 111,134.40
Power impact fees	\$ 271,960.94
Total revenues	\$ 568,613.62

Expenditures:

Water pipe replacement	\$ 185,518.28
Construction & Improvement CVWR	\$ 111,134.40
138KV line upgrade	\$ 271,960.94
Total expenditures	\$ 568,613.62

Impact fees are collected and used on a city wide basis. Detail of specific projects available upon request.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE SECTION

Continuing Disclosure-For all Revenue and Excise Tax Bonds of Murray City, Utah Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2006 Disclosure References

Municipal Building Authority of Murray City. Utah
Debt Issuance of the Municipal Building Authority
See Note 4 in Notes to Financial Statements in this Report.

Debt Structure of Murray City
Outstanding Municipal Debt of the City
See Note 4 in Notes to Financial Statements in this Report.

Financial Information Regarding Murray City
Certain Property Tax Matters—Historical City Tax Rates
See Schedule 6 in the Statistical Section of this Report.

Certain Property Tax Matters—Taxable and Estimated Market Value of Property See Schedule 5 in the Statistical Section of this Report.

Certain Property Tax Matters—Tax Collection Record See Schedule 8 in the Statistical Section of this Report.

Five Year Financial Summary- See Table 2 of Municipal Building Authority Continuing Disclosure.

Management's Discussion of Operations-See Management's Discussion and Analysis in the Financial Section of this report.

Continuing Disclosure - Municipal Building Authority of Murray City, Utah Lease Revenue Bonds Series 1997 and Series 2001A Fiscal Year Ending June 30. 2006

Table 1

Sources of General Fund Revenue

Set forth below are brief descriptions of the various sources of revenue available to the City's general fund. The percentage of total general fund revenues represent by each source is based on the City's audited financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2006.

Taxes--Approximately 73% of the general fund revenues are from taxes (approximately 66% from sales and use taxes; approximately 20% from general property taxes; approximately 14% from franchise taxes.

Fines and Forfeitures—Approximately 7% of general fund revenues are collected from fines and forfeitures.

Charges for Services—Approximately 6% of general fund revenues are from charges for services.

Intergovernmental Revenues—Approximately 6% of general fund revenues are from state and federal grants and shared revenues.

Licenses and Permits-Approximately 5% of general fund revenues are from licenses and permits.

Interest-Approximately 2% of general fund revenues are from interest income.

Miscellaneous Revenue-Approximately 1% of general fund revenues are from miscellaneous revenues..

Continuing Disclosure - Municipal Building Authority of Murray City, Utah Lease Revenue Bonds Series 1997 and Series 2001A Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2006

Table 2 Murray City General Fund Balance Sheet (This summary has not been audited)

		<u>Fisca</u>	l Year Ending	<u>June 30</u>	
	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>
ACCETO	÷				
ASSETS	fo 405 000	6000 005	60 040 050	60 070 04E	fo 400 550
Cash and cash equivalents	\$2,405,080	\$806,665	\$3,213,053	\$6,676,845	\$9,198,556
Investments	0	0	0	0	1,000,000
Accounts receivable	673	0	0	0	4.750
Special assessments	4,095	1,876	1,140	20,859	1,753
Other	123,643	206,493	131,322	1,509,373	437,351
Property taxes receivable Due from other funds	2,920,000	3,462,000	3,830,000	3,740,000	5,278,000
	3,559,414	3,825,529	3,300,000	1,177,480	465,803
Due from other governments Notes receivable	2,155,315	2,279,248	2,521,501	2,367,113	2,663,144
	2,734,936	2,646,957	2,459,077	2,345,465	2,230,331
Restricted cash & cash equivalents	1,638,888	119,311	273,038	0	0
TOTAL ASSETS	\$15,542,044	\$13,348,079	\$15,729,131	\$17,837,135	\$21,274,938
				-	
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY		***	4000 000	4-4-	2 . 222 =
Accounts payable	\$1,264,883	\$939,455	\$996,070	\$825,809	\$1,982,751
Accrued liabilities	729,714	619,739	1,294,262	1,281,043	1,1 68, 659
Due to other funds	100,792	500	0	100,150	17,851
Deposits	47,746	18,809	18,809	12,699	12,699
Deferred revenue	6,770,463	7,263,195	7,617,107	7,489,375	9,031,908
Compensated absences	155,016	177,657	190,905	149,638	0
Total liabilities	9,068,614	9,019,355	10,117,153	9,858,714	12,213,868
Fund Balance					
Reserved:					
For narcotics equipment	70,423	0	0	0	0
For class "C" roads	529,790	183,779	350,000	515,000	50,000
For UTOPIA	0	0	1,230,000	1,230,000	1,230,000
Unreserved			, ,		
Designated for subsequent years					
expenditures	1,969,000	0	0	0	0
Designated for community project	24,217	0	0	0	0
Undesignated	3,880,000	4,144,945	4,031,978	6,233,421	7,781,070
Total Fund Equity	6,473,430	4,328,724	5,611,978	7,978,421	9,061,070
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND ELIAID					
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$15,542,044	\$13,348,079	\$15,729,131	\$17,837,135	\$21,274,938
		<u> </u>			

Continuing Disclosure - Municipal Building Authority of Murray City, Utah Lease Revenue Bonds Series 1997 and Series 2001A Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2006

Table 2A Murray City General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (This summary has not been audited)

	inis summary	LISS HOLDGEN	auditou)		_
		Fiscal	Year Ending	lune 30	
	2002	<u>2003</u>	2004	2005	2006
					
REVENUES	540	640 740 047	\$20, 915, 88 3	\$22,479,549	\$22,895,306
Taxes and special assessments	\$20,138,549		1,024,736	2,235,131	1,448,991
Licenses and permits	802,105	1,052,090	1,793,125	1,539,849	1,858,507
Intergovernmental	1,538,612	1,369,344 1,319,368	1,541,695	1,735,337	1,915,910
Charges for services	1,154,397	1,814,314	2,121,704	2,357,026	2,263,787
Fines and forfeitures	1,450,634 401,134	381,807	359,138	409,369	634,973
Interest	172,797	0	0	0	0
Sale of fixed assets	211,2 <u>46</u>	164,649	237,279	197,379	197,411
Miscellaneous	211,240	104,040			
TOTAL REVENUE	\$25,869,474	\$24,841,589	\$27,993,560	\$30,953,640	\$31,214,885
EXPENDITURES					,
Current:					T 404 700
General government	3,679,319	4,128,390	4,478,171	5,074,547	
Public safety	12,579,859	12,180,489	12,960,316	13,913,342	14,623,999
Highways and public improvements	4,699,453	4,884,314	7,489,857	4,809,252	5,733,760
Parks, recreation and public property	3,514,299	5,417,229	4,894 ,8 71	5,52 5, 074	5,620,872
Debt service			_	455.000	255 000
Principal	0		0	155,000	
Interest and administrative charges	0	0	. 0	29,322	53,069
			00 000 045	20 506 527	31,491,493_
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	24,472,930	26,610,422	29,823,215	29,506,537	31,491,400
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					(076 609)
expenditures	1,396,544	(1,768,833)	(1,829,655)	1,447,103	(276,608)
Other financing sources (uses)	50,000	50,000	50,000	45,000	1,575,807
Operating transfers in	(1,060,000)	· ·	•		(512,000)
Operating transfers out	(1,000,000)		•		115,434
Sale of fixed assets Bond proceeds or capital lease financing	_				180,016
Bond proceeds of Capital lease intalloling	1,000,000				
Net other financing sources (uses)	855,000	(375,873)	3,112,909	919,340	1,359,257
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other					
financing sources over (under)					
expenditures and other uses	2,251,544	(2,144,706)	1,283,254	2,366,443	1,082,649
expenditures and other date.					
Fund balance at beginning of year	4,221,886	6,473,430	4,328,724	5,611,978	7,978,421
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 6,473,430	\$4 ,328,724	\$ 5,611,978	\$ 7,97 8, 421	\$9,061,070
ruitu balance at end of year					

System Rates

Rates fixed and charged for the energy distributed by Murray City Power are recommended by the Power Advisory Board and established by ordinance by the Mayor and City Council. Rates for electric service to customers of Murray City Power are not subject to approval of any Utah or federal regulatory body.

The Department last implemented a 16.4% rate increase in April 2002. The unit costs and average monthly billings for most residential and commercial customers under current rates are as follows:

Residential

Customer Charge:	Per meter, per billing period	\$2.79
------------------	-------------------------------	--------

Energy Charge Summer (Apr. 1 thru Sept. 30)

All KWh, Per KWh: \$.0741

Energy Charge Winter (Oct. 1 thru Mar. 31)

First 600 KWh, Per KWh: \$.0741
Excess KWh, per KWh: \$.0506

Residential (All Electric)

Customer Charge: Per meter, per billing period \$2.79

Energy Charge: Summer (Apr. 1 thru Sept. 30)

All KWh, per KWh: \$.0698

Energy Charge: Winter (Oct. 1 thru Mar. 31)

First 600 KWh, per KWh: \$.0605 Excess KWh, per KWh: \$.0400

Commercial (General Service Small)

Customer Charge: Per meter, per billing period \$6.98

Energy Charge: First 1500 KWH, per KWH \$0.0757

All additional KWH, per KWH \$0.0384

Demand Charge: All KW above 5 KW, per KW \$9.89

Commercial (General Service Large)

Customer Charge: Per meter, per billing period \$17.46

Energy Charge: First 1500 KWH, per KWH \$.0648

All additional KWH, per KWH \$.0356

Demand Charge: All KW above 5 KW, per KW \$10.19

AVERAGE MONTHLY BILL AND CONSUMPTION

	Sumn	ner Bill	Summer KWH	Winter Bill	Winter KWH
Residential	\$	60.21	779	\$ 47.18	651
Residential (All Electric)		54.66	776	61.75	1,238
Commercial (General Service Small)		142.16	1,673	130.21	1,499
Commercial (General Service Large)	2	,747.63	42,557	2,444.78	37,764

Bills for electric service are prepared and mailed by the City administration on a monthly basis. Second and third notices of non-payment are given 50 and 58 days, respectively, after the date of the initial bill. Electric service is terminated between 60 and 76 days after the date of the initial bill.

MURRAY CITY CORPORATION Continuing Disclosure - Electric Revenue Bonds - Series 2001 & 2004 Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2006

Table 2

Ten Largest Power Customers

Name	Type of Business	<u>KWH</u>	% of the City's <u>Total KWH</u>
Intermountain Health Care	Health Care	16,793,780	4.18%
Fashion Place Mall	Retail Mall	11,928,820	2.97
Murray City	Government	10,899,341	2.71
Murray School District	Public Education	7,301,840	1.82
Multi Technology Inc.	Medical Manufacturing	5,978,000	1.49
Costco	Retail Sales	4,348,200	1.08
Larry H. Miller	Automobile Dealerships	4,212,120	1.05
Sam's Club	Retail sales	3,310,600	0.83
Utah Transit Authority	Transportation	3,267,449	0.82
Qwest	Telecommunications	3,254,440	0.81
	Totals	71,294,590	17.76%

MURRAY CITY CORPORATION Continuing Disclosure - Electric Revenue Bonds - Series 2001 & 2004 Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2006

Table 3
Power Department Annual Operating Statistics

		Fiscal	Year Ending	June 30	
	<u>2002</u>	2003	2004	2005	<u>2006</u>
Electric Revenues by Classes	## 00 <i>5</i> 040	60 074 660	CO 450 276	\$8,195,616	\$8,758,130
Residential	\$7,335,343	\$8,274,668	\$8,458,376	17,260,075	18,798,937
Commercial and Industrial	14,999,626	16,892,539	17,646,722	715,472	739,225
Other	445,042	664,695	732,671	713,472	139,223
Total Electric Revenues	\$22,780,011	\$25,831,902	\$26,837,769	\$26,171,163	\$28,296,292
Number of Metered Customers					
Residential	13,057	13,059	13,120	13,128	13,253
Commercial and Industrial	2,757	2,794	2,825	2,833	2,857
Other	124	146	142	151	159
_					
Total Metered Customers	15,938	15,999	16,087	16,112	16,269
Peak Demand (kW)	89,980	93,150	98,300	93,310	98,560
Energy Generated & Purchased					
Total System Generation (MWh)	98,876	50,014	42,411	25,729	27,655
Purchased Power (MWh)	30 5,8 59	331,056	397,362	369,313	383,825
- 4- 4 111 0 577	404 525	201.070	420 772	205 042	411,480
Total Energy Available (MWh)	404,735	381,070	439,773	395,042	411,460
Losses and System Use (MWh)	39,731	12,026	55,277	22,127	22,897
Energy Sales (MWh)	365,004	369,044	384,496	372,915	388,583
Electric Energy Sales					
Residential (MWh)	110,967	111,874	114,442	109,378	113,730
Commercial and Industrial (MWh)	-	246,935	241,960	252,429	263,954
Other (MWh)	9,065	10,235	28,094	11,108	10,899
	-				
Total Energy Sales (MWh)	365,004	369,044	384,496	372,915	388,583

MURRAY CITY CORPORATION Continuing Disclosure-Electric Revenue Bonds-Series 2001& 2004 Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2006

Table 4
Power Fund Historical Operating Results(1)

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30					
Operating revenues:	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	
Energy sales revenue	\$28,817,737	\$31,622,662	\$28,047,182	\$26,571,079	\$28,354,736	
Miscellaneous	600,785	708,868	993,772	2,392,127	1,277,487	
Total operating revenues	29,418,522	32,331,530	29,040,954	28,963,206	29,632,223	
Operating expenses:						
Cost of power	20,118,702	17,524,821	16,161,707	16,544,212	18,724,219	
Operating and maintenance (excluding depreciation, amoriza- tion and in lieu of tax transfers)	11,968,002	8,338,540	9,202,322	8,702,165	8,808,848	
Total operating expenses	32,086,704	25,863,361	25,364,029	25,246,377	27,533,067	
Net operating revenues	(2,668,182)	6,468,169	3,676,925	3,716,829	2,099,156	
Other income and expense (net)	446,786	174,107	133,726	305,636	3,325,206	
Balance available for debt service	(2,221,396)	6,642,276	3,810 ,65 1	4,022,465	5,424,362	
Debt service on bonds	1,643,620	1,633,300	1,631,300	1,868,221	2,336,823	
Debt service coverage ratio	(1.35)	4.07	2.34	2.15	2.32	

⁽¹⁾ Historical data has been taken from audited financial statements of the Power Fund.

MURRAY CITY CORPORATION Continuing Disclosure-Electric Revenue Bonds-Series 2001 & 2004 Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2006

Table 4A

Power Fund Projected Operating Results (1)

		Fiscal Year Endi	2 010	<u>2011</u>	
On eaching retremites:	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	2010	<u> 2011</u>
Operating revenues:				•	
Energy sales revenue	\$30,596,000	\$34 ,055 ,00 0	\$34,897,000	\$36,450,00 0	\$37 ,10 0,00 0
Miscellaneous	1,035,000	867,000	867,000	867,000	61 0,00 0
Total operating revenues	31,631,000	34,922,000	35,764,000	37,317,000	37,710,000
Operating expenses:					•
Cost of power	18,017,000	19,369,000	20,217,000	21,150,000	21,820,000
Operating and maintenance (excluding depreciation, amorization and in lieu of tax transfers)	8,293 ,0 00	8,525,000	8,69 9,00 0	8,895,000	8,319,000
Total operating expenses	26,310,000	27,894,00 0	28,916,000	30,045,000	30,139,000
Net operating revenues	5,321,000	7,028,000	6,84 8,0 00	7,272,000	7,571 ,0 00
Other income and expense (net)	210,000	235,000	260,000	285,000	500,000
Balance available for debt service	5,531,000	7,263,000	7,10 8,00 0	7,55 7,0 00	8,071 ,00 0
Debt service on bonds	2,349,000	2,349,000	2,349,000	2,352,000	2,353,000
Debt service coverage ratio	2.36	3.1	3.03	3.22	3.44

⁽¹⁾ Basis of projection for Fiscal Years 2007 through 2011 utilizes actual data.

MURRAY CITY CORPORATION Continuing Disclosure-Excise Tax Road Bonds-Series 2003 Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2006

Table 1
Sources of Revenues for Class B and Class C Road Allocations
(Expressed in Thousands)

	Fiscal Year 2001	Fiscal Year 2002	Fiscal Year 2003	Fiscal Year 2004	Fiscal Year 2005
Motor Fuel Tax	229,410	237,925	236,639	239,925	241,484
Special Fuel Tax	80,590	84,406	84,523	86,163	93,837
Motor Vehicle Registration Fees	25,935	27,378	28,359	29,390	30,690
Proportional Registration Fees	11,554	11,665	11,838	11,830	12,122
Temporary Permits	409	401	397	360	3 36
Special Transportation Permits	5,911	5,831	6,112	5, 962	6,612
Highway Use Permits	7,473	8,000	7,944	8,148	8,421
Motor Vehicle Control Fees	4,093	4,167	4,289	4,515	4,757
Mecellaneous Permits & Fees	1,881	1,610	1,721	1,852	1 ,8 95
Investment Income	4,616	2,075	1,655	1,934	3,457
Mecellaneous Other Income	2,591	1,720	3,081	1,049	1,677
TOTAL _	374,463	385,178	386,558	391,128	405,288

(Source: Utah State Auditor's Office-Comprehensive Annual Financial Financial Reports.)

Table 2
Class C Road Fund Distributions

<u>Year</u>	Murray City Allocations	Total B & C Road Fund Allocations
2001	1,146,081	104,976,375
2002	1,081,093	107,357,917
2003	1,177,321	115,755,260
2004	1,545,953	126,044,713
2005	1,200,096	99,940,917
2006	1,116,253	92,051,605

(Source Mirray City and Utah Department of Transportation)

Table 3
Calculation of Actural & Estimated Debt Service Coverage

Fiscal Year	Actual* or Projected Class C Road Funds	Debt Service 2003 Bonds	Coverage
2004*	1,545,953	34,688	44.57
2005*	1,200,096	599,025	2.00
2006*	1,116,253	598,225	1.87
2007	1,250,000	597,225	2.09
2008	1,250,000	600,263	2.08
2009	1,250,000	600,075	2.08
2010	1,250,000	213,150	5.86

(Source Mirray City)

Table 1 Historical Net Revenues and Debt Service Coverage(1)(2)

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30						
	<u>2001</u>	2002	2003	<u>2004</u>	2005		
Operating Revenue					7 000 055		
Charges for Services	5,438,058	6,132,548	7,293,072	6,935,371	7,623,055		
Fees	266,938	566 ,679	429,738	2,014,598	710,462		
Other	6,961	22,835	120,034	20,442	28,838		
Total Sources of Funds	5,711,957	6, 722 ,062	7,842,844	8,970,411	8,362,35 5		
Operating Expenses							
Transmission & Distribution	2,178,368	2,146,999	2,281,379	2,421,315	2,413,218		
Administration and General	1,538,127	1,654,477	1,887,448	1,671,031	1,732,515		
Operation & Maintenance	644,616	773,453	69 6,875	707,456	966,519		
(Excluding depreciation, amortization, in lieu of tax transfers and loss on	٠.						
joint venture)		4 == 4 000	4 005 700	4 700 903	5,112,252		
Total Expenses	4,361,111	4,574,929	4,865,702	4,799,802	0,112,202		
Net Operating Income	1,350,846	2,147,133	2,977,142	4,170,609	3,250,103		
Non-Operating Income							
Interest income	40,876	1,802	61,432	61,321	176,344		
Interest Expense on interfund loan	(95,000)	(148,236)	(37,000)	(30,000)	0		
Developers Contributions	706,544	81,570	. 0	0	0		
Gain (loss) on Disposal of Assets	0	(1,750)	2,340	43,988	10 7,01 5		
Total Non-Operating Revenues	652,420	(66,614)	26,772	75,309	283,359		
Balance available for debt service	2,003,266	2,080,519	3,003,914	4,245,918	3,533,462		
Debt service on bonds	0	0	106,605	651,825	650,675		
Balance Remaining After debt service	2,003,266	2,080,519	2,897,309	3,594,093	2,882,787		
Debt Service Coverage	n/a	n/a	28.18	6.51	5.43		

⁽¹⁾ The City had no outstanding debt payable from Revenues of the System prior to the Series 2003 Bonds.

⁽²⁾ Data has been taken from audited financial statements if the Water and Sewer Funds.

Table 2

Ten Largest Water and Sewer Customers

<u>Name</u>	Water Charges	Sewer Charges	<u>Total</u>
Murray City Corporation	\$129,306	\$48,140	\$177,446
Murray School District	116,309	35,141	151,450
Intermountain Health Care	56,044	54,092	101,136
Stillwater Apartments	48,429	49,811	98,240
Hunters Woods Apartments	41,745	53,090	94,835
Three Fountains Condos	42,656	43,937	86,593
Winchester Estates	50,133	29,619	79,752
Jamespointe Apartments	28,263	30,221	58,484
Applegate Condos	25,471	25,978	51,449
Fashion Place Mall	27,198	25,484	50,682

Table 3A Five Year Financial Summaries of the System

Balance Sheet-Water Enterprise Fund

		Fiscal Yea	r Ending June	30	
	2002	2003	2004	2005	<u>2006</u>
Current assets:				0.000.440	2 700 020
Cash and cash equivalents	22,803	26,347	1,239,544	2,602,412	2,709,029
Receivables:			540.007	240 275	655,891
Accounts, net of allowamce	334,023	518,285	510,367	349,375 8.075	6,444
Other receivables	1,131	450	450	8,975	0,444
Due from other funds	<u>210,987</u>	<u>0</u>	0	<u>33,288</u>	3 <u>,371,364</u>
Total current assets	<u>568,944</u>	<u>545,082</u>	<u>1,750,361</u>	<u>2,994,050</u>	3,371,304
Restricted cash	0	0	1,658,133	422,702	0
Property, plant and equipment:			•		4 744 000
Land	1,197,419	1 , 318,666	1,714,66 6	1,714,666	1,714,666
Buildings	570,550	570,550	5 70,55 0	570,550	904,024
Improvements other than buildings	13,675,432	14,073,404	14,702 ,40 6	18,5 38, 057	19,925,064
Machinery and equipment	2,018,113	2,065,505	2,511 ,76 9	2,534,912	2,095,040
Furniture and fixtures	394,806	394,806	394,806	394,806	244,515
Construction in progress	0	517,574	3,446,352	244,954	0
Accumulated dedreciation	(8,112,466)	(8,632,906)	<u>(9,180,051)</u>	<u>(9,803,253)</u>	<u>(9,793,700)</u>
Net property, plant and equipment	9,743,854	10,307,599	<u>14,160,498</u>	<u>14,194,692</u>	<u>15,089,609</u>
Other assets					
Unamortized bond issue costs	0	0	22,762	21,564	20,366
Orianio (1200 bond 10505 cools			47 504 754	47 622 009	<u> 18,481,339</u>
Total assets	<u>10,312,798</u>	10,852,681	<u>17,591,754</u>	<u>17,633,008</u>	10,401,333
Liabilities:					
Current liabilities			004 047	049 920	45,795
Accounts payable	77,482	163,659	991,617	218,829	45,795 48,794
Accrued liabilities	21,512	26,474	40,717	44,486	53,374
Due to other funds	11,835	234,133	10,085	10,085	
Long-term debt - current portion	0	0	190,900	194,024	197,153
Accrued interest	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>54,745</u>	<u>53,791</u>	<u>52,821</u> 397,937
Total current liabilities	110,829	424,266	1,288,064	521,215	391,931
Compensated absences:	59,030	66,147	70,186	74, 477	63,316
Long-term debt, due after one year	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>5,129,100</u>	<u>4,935,076</u>	<u>4,737,923</u>
Total liabilities	<u>169.859</u>	<u>490,413</u>	<u>6,487,350</u>	<u>5,530,768</u>	<u>5,199,176</u>
Net assets	•				
Investment in capital assets net of debt	9,743,854	10,307,599	9,031,398	9,065,592	10,154,533
Restricted for debt service	0	0	1,658,133	0	0
Unrestricted	<u>399.085</u>	<u>54,669</u>	<u>414.873</u>	<u>3.036,648</u>	<u>3,127,630</u>
Total net assets	10,142,939	10,362,268	11,104,404	12,102,240	13,282,163

Table 3B Five Year Financial Summaries of the System

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Asset Water Enterprise Fund

		Fisca	Year Ending	June 30	
•	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Operating revenues					
Sales and charges for service	3,014,658	3,250,716	4,260,983	3,828,387	4,628,274
Connection servicing fees	1 79, 219	397,576	269,711	1,24 0,8 59	461,180
Other	<u>3.116</u>	<u>15.098</u>	<u>62,109</u>	<u>13,685</u>	<u>16,120</u>
Total operating revenues	3,196,993	3.663,390	4.592.803	<u>5,082,931</u>	<u>5,105,574</u>
Operating expenses					
Transmission, distribution & maintenance	1,471,871	1,450,283	1,51 6,2 52	1,68 6,8 65	1,527,195
Administrative and general	1,140,222	1,210,223	1,426,708	1,20 8,21 8	1,218,429
Depreciation and amortzation (1)	503,136	535,550	570,726	729,670	705,060
In lieu of tax transfers (1)	<u>269,009</u>	<u>304,137</u>	<u>380,475</u>	<u>342,363</u>	<u>432,418</u>
Total operating expenses	3,384,238	3,500,193	<u>3,894,161</u>	<u>3,967,116</u>	<u>3.883,102</u>
Operating income (loss)	(187,245)	<u>163,197</u>	<u>698,642</u>	<u>1.115.815</u>	1,222,472
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)					
Interest revenue	40,197	1,507	41,154	53,887	112,492
Interest expense	0	0	0	(215,854)	(212,056)
Contributed assets from developers	619,466	57,478	0	0	0
Gain (loss) on disposal of equipment	0	(2,853)	2,340	43,988	57,015
Net nonoperating revenues (expense)	<u>659,663</u>	<u>56,132</u>	<u>43,494</u>	(117,979)	<u>(42,549)</u>
Income (loss) before operating transfers	472,418	219,329	742,136	997,836	1,179,923
Operating transfers	(10,000)	<u>o</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>o</u>	<u>o</u>
Charge in net assets	462,418	219,329	742,136	997,836	1,179,923
Net assets at beginning of year	9,680,521	10,142,939	10,362,268	11,104,404	12,102,240
Net assets at end of year	10,142,939	10,362,268	11,104,404	12,102,240	13,282,163

⁽¹⁾ Not included as an Operating and Maintenance Expense.

Table 4A Five Year Financial Summaries of the System Balance Sheet-Sewer Enterprise Fund

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30				
-	2002	2003	2004	<u>2005</u>	<u> 2006</u>
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	10,523	85,916	556,392	1,433,959	1, 527 ,379
Receivables:					
Accounts, net of allowamce	213,267	259,274	266,774	266,309	26 0,686
Due from other funds	10,987	0	10 ,08 5	10,085	960
Due from other governments	<u>111,150</u>	<u>111,150</u>	111,150	111,150	111,150
Total current assets	345,927	456,340	<u>944,401</u>	<u>1,821,503</u>	<u>1.900,175</u>
				_	
Restricted cash	0	0	416,660	0	0
Property, plant and equipment:					
Land	178,487	178 ,48 7	178,487	1 78,487	178,487
Buildings	949,132	949,132	949,132	9 49 ,132	949,132
Improvements other than buildings	4,407,402	4,441,756	7,776,639	7,7 76, 639	7,833,261
Machinery and equipment	1,289,715	1,279,795	1,279, 79 5	1,2 79,7 95	1,324,131
Furniture and fixtures	102,768	102,762	102 ,76 2	102,762	102,762
Construction in progress	. 0	283,378	0	. 0	0
Accumulated dedreciation	(3,333,371)	(3,535,892)	(3,725,419)	(4,085,386)	<u>(4,136,252)</u>
Net property, plant and equipment	3,594,133	3,699,418	6,561,396	6,201,429	<u>6,251,521</u>
	-				
Other assets:					
Investment in joint ventures	5,970,907	5,955, 25 6	5,662,169	4,178,178	3,652,056
Unamrotzized bond issue costs	<u>o</u>	<u>0</u>	<u> 13,605</u>	<u>12,889</u>	<u>12,173</u>
Total other assets	<u>5,970,907</u>	<u>5,955,256</u>	<u>5,675,774</u>	<u>4.191.067</u>	<u>3.664,229</u>
Total assets	<u>9,910,967</u>	10,111,014	13,598,231	12,213,999	11.815.925
Liabilities:					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable	108 ,39 3	110,907	339,933	73,489	91,404
Accrued liabilities	9,718	10,725	17,165	18,979	23,032
Due to other funds	1,906,487	2,014,133	1,800,000	6,480	9,471
Long-term debt - current portion	0	0	114,100	115,976	117,847
Accrued interest	<u>0</u>	<u>Q</u>	<u>32,724</u>	<u>32.153</u>	31,573
Total current liabilities	2,024,598	2,135,765	2,303,922	247,077	273,327
Compensated absences:	15, 68 4	17,103	16,958	16,358	20,239
Long-term debt, due after one year	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	3,065,900	2,949,924	2,832,077
Total liabilities	2.040,282	2,152,868	5.386,780	3,213,359	3,125,643
	<u> </u>	=1.10=10.00			
Net assets					
Investment in capital assets net of debt	9,565,040	9,654,674	9,157,665	7,313,707	6,953,653
Restricted for debt service	0	0	416,660	314,066	314,066
Unrestricted	(1,694,355)	(1,696,528)	(1.362.874)	1.372.867	1,422,563
	<u></u>				
Total net assets	7,870,685	7,958,146	8,211,451	9,0 00, 640	8,690,282
-					

Table 4B
Five Year Financial Summaries of the System
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets
Sewer Enterprise Fund

Fiscal Year Ending June 30 2006 2005 2002 2004 2003 Operating revenues 2,881,832 3,032,089 3,106,984 2,994,781 2,423,400 Sales and charges for service 773,739 249,282 160,027 169.103 87,719 Connection servicing fees <u>12,718</u> <u>57,925</u> <u>6,757</u> <u>3,845</u> <u>7,737</u> Other 3,887,480 3,256,781 3,250,041 2,514,964 3,058,672 Total operating revenues Operating expenses 734,450 886,023 696.716 765,127 Transmission, distribution & maintenance 706.497 444,254 460,740 462,813 514,086 397,905 Administrative and general 249,082 189,527 359,967 211,378 212,440 Depreciation and amortzation (1) 696.875 707,456 966,519 644,616 773,453 Central Valley operation & maintenance **266,484 277,467** In Ilieu of tax transfers (1) 269,009 <u>304,137</u> <u>276,481</u> 2,388,750 <u>2,531,170</u> **2,893,177** 2,229,405 2,431,000 Total operating expenses 363,604 <u>1,356,310</u> Operating income (loss) **285,559** 627,672 <u>861,291</u> Nonoperating revenues (expenses) 7.434 63.852 295 20,278 679 Interest revenue (143,605)(95.000)(148, 236)(175,459)(141,411) Interest expense 50,000 1,103 Gain (loss) on disposal of equipment (399.096)(646,403) (484,659)(386,950)(417,465)Equity loss in joint venture (1) 0 0 0 Contributed assets from developers <u>87.078</u> <u>24,092</u> (673,962)(567, 121)(540,211)(607,986)Net nonoperating revenues (expense) (394,193) (310,358)253,305 789.189 87,461 income (loss) before operating transfers (108,634)0 0 0 (10,000)0 Operating transfers 789,189 (310,358)**253**,305 87,461 (118,634)Charge in net assets 9,000,640 8,211,451 7,870,685 7.958,146 7,989,319 Net assets at beginning of year 9,000,640 8,690,282 8,211,451 7,958,146 Net assets at end of year 7,870,685

⁽¹⁾ Not included as an Operating and Maintenance Expense.